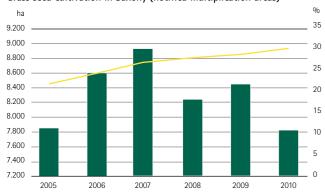
	Unit	SAXONY	GERMANY
LAND USE			
Utilized agricultural area (UAA)	1.000 ha	913	16.704
Permanent grassland	1.000 ha	187	4.655
Percentage of UAA	% %	20	28
Arable land	1.000 ha	721	11.847
Percentage of UAA	9/0	79	71
Fallow	1.000 ha	6	252
Less-favoured areas (2005)	1.000 ha	353	9.426
Leased UAA as percentage of total UAA 3)	9/0	77	60
,			
UTILIZATION OF ARABLE LAND			
Cereals total		410	6.595
of which: Wheat		198	3.298
Barley		125	1.641
Oats		10	141
Rye		38	627
Grain maize, CCM		15	467
Root crops		20	624
of which: Potatoes	1.000 ha	7	254
Sugar beet		13	364
Oil seeds incl. non food		140	1.502
of which: Rapeseeds		137	1.461
Sunflowers		1	25
Pulses		9	101
Forage plants		123	2.571
of which: Green/silage maize		69	1.829
ORGANIC FARMING ⁴⁾			
Farmed area	1.000 ha	34	991
Farms	number	444	21.942

³⁾ as declared by the control bodies acc. to REG (EC) 834/2007 in conn. with REG (EC) 889/2008, as of 31/12/2010

Grass seed cultivation in Saxony (notified multiplication areas)



Saxony's share in grass seed multiplication areas within all Germany (%)



Reference year 2010

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Heimrich & Hannot GmbH

Saxon State Ministry of the Environment and Agriculture (SMUL)





Data	for the	agriculture
and f	ood sed	ctor

Number of holdings		5.597
- Corporate bodies		610
of which: Registered co-operatives.		197
Ltd's and similar		289
- Natural persons	number	4.987
of which: Partnerships		372
Individual farmers		4.615
of which: Main activity		1.803
Sideline activity		2.812
FARM SIZE CATEGORIES		
Holdings below 5 ha AA		307
Holdings of 5 to below 10 ha AA		1.090
Haldings of 10 to below 20 by AA		1.108
Holdings of 10 to below 20 ha AA		
Holdings of 10 to below 20 ha AA Holdings of 20 to below 50 ha AA		1.000
•	number	1.000 643
Holdings of 20 to below 50 ha AA	number	643
Holdings of 20 to below 50 ha AA Holdings of 50 to below 100 ha AA	number	
Holdings of 20 to below 50 ha AA Holdings of 50 to below 100 ha AA Holdings of 100 to below 200 ha AA	number	643 549

AREA AND POPULATION

Percentage of total area

Percentage of total area

Percentage of total area

Inhabitants/km2 of total area (2009)

Economically active population

agriculture, forestry, fishery

FARM STRUCTURE 2)

Economically active population in

Total area

Forest area

Water surface

POPULATION

Total population

Agricultural area (AA)

SAXONY

1.842

1.015

55

501

27

36

2

4.169

225

40*

1.951*

Unit

1.000 ha

1.000 ha

1.000 ha

1.000 ha

1000

1000

1000

number

GERMANY

35.713¹⁾

18.729

10.753

52

30

851

81.752

2291)

40.483*

847*

300.700*

5.000*

1.100*

2.800*

295.600*

21.000*

274.600*

137.400*

137.200*

27.351

47.314

63.160

76.068

51.623

22.828

7.223

2.065

1.502

Grass seed cultivation in Saxony (ha)

	Unit	SAXONY	GERMANY
YIELDS AND CROP VOLUMES			
ARABLE FARMING			
Cereals total	dt/ha	64,3	66,9
(incl. gain maize, CCM)	1.000 t	2.634	44.039
of which: Wheat	dt/ha	69,0	72,1
	1.000 t	1.368	23.783
Barley	dt/ha	63,9	62,9
	1.000 t	798	10.327
Oats	dt/ha	42,7	42,3
	1.000 t	41	598
Rye	dt/ha	46,2	46,3
	1.000 t	176	2.900
Grain maize, CCM	dt/ha	82,8	90,9
	1.000 t	127	4.212
Rapeseeds (incl. non food)	dt/ha	38,5	39,0
	1.000 t	527	5.698
Potatoes	dt/ha	396,6	398,8
	1.000 t	277	10.143
Sugar beet	dt/ha	656,1	616,3
	1.000 t	822	22.441
Silage maize	dt/ha	358,2	398,8
	1.000 t	2.471	72.151
VEGETABLE (commercial)			
Growing area in the open	1.000 ha	4	106
Crop volume in the open	1.000 t	51	3.148
Growing area under glass	1.000 ha	0,04	1,3
Crop volume under glass	1.000 t	5	143
FRUIT (commercial)			
Growing area	1.000 ha	4	61
Crops	1.000 t	84	1.127
crops	1.000 t	01	1.127
VITICULTURE			
Grape area	1.000 ha	0,4	100
Wine must yield	hl/ha	29	71
Total wine must	1.000 hl	13	7.055
FISH FARMING (2009) ⁴⁾			
Fish farming area	1.000 ha	8	36
Fish farms (main activity)	number	52	180
Sideline fish farms	number	200	11.086
Food fish production	1.000 t	2	10

⁴⁾ Annual report for German inland fishery 2009

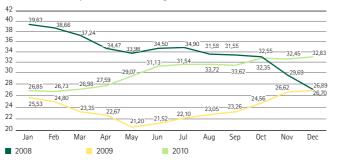
	Unit	SAXONY	GERMANY
LIVESTOCK 5)			
Cattle total		504	12.809
of which: Dairy cows		186	4.183
Pigs total		665	26.509
of which: Fattening pigs	1.000	216	11.173
Breeding pigs	animals	76	2.275
Sheep		102	2.089
Hens total		8.235	114.113
Equids (horses, mules, donkeys)		12	462
ANIMAL PRODUCTS			
MILK PRODUCTION			
Total milk production	1.000 t	1.596	29.609
Milk yield/cow	kg/year	8.489	7.080
Milk yield/cow after	5.7		
milk yield test	kg/year	8.944	8.093
EGG PRODUCTION			
Egg production	milion eggs	717	8.007
Egg yield per hen	egg/year	307	294
COMMERCIAL SLAUGHTERING 6)			
SLAUGHTERINGS			
Cattle	1.000 animals	38	3.429
		356	3.429
Average slaughtering weight of bulls Average slaughtering weight of cows	kg ka	278	335 7)
Pigs	1.000 animals	534	58.309
Average slaughtering weight	1.000 ariimais	95	94
Average slaughtening weight	kg	35	34
MEAT PRODUCTION			
Slaughter animals total		62	6.723
of which: Cattle		10	1.197
Calves	1.000 t	-	44
Pigs		51	5.457

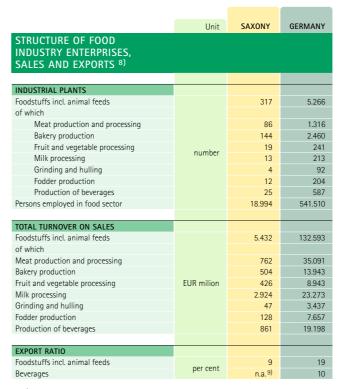
⁵⁾ as of 03/11/2010; hens & horses as of 01/03/2010

6) animals of domestic and international provenance (without poultry)

7) cattle total

Milk producer prices in Saxony (3.7% fat, 3.4% protein) EUR/100 kg ex farm

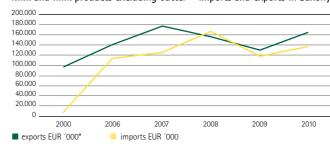




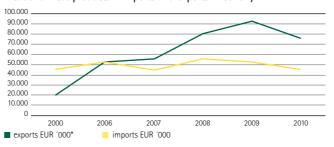
8) Plants employing 20 or more person

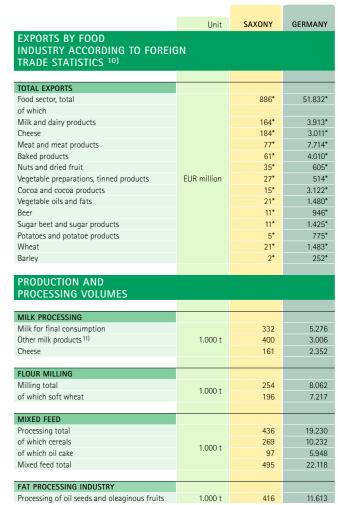
9) No data available

Milk and milk products excluding butter - imports and exports in Saxony



Meat and meat products - imports and exports in Saxony





10) incl. unprocessed agricultural products

11) sour milk, kefir, yoghurt and mixed milk products

Sources:

- Federal German Statistical Office
- Working Party on Economic Aggregates at Regional State Level
- Federal Ministry for Nutrition, Agriculture and Consumer Protection (BMELV)
- Federal Agency for Agriculture and Food
- Statistical Office of the Free State of Saxony
- Saxon State Office for the Environment, Agriculture and Geology (LfULG) 2008

Unless otherwise indicated, all data refer to 2010.

The figures marked by * are preliminary data.

Especially, for the data on farm structures, land uses and livestock numbers, it is important to know that changes in 2010 against prior years do not always reflect actual trends, but are partly attributable to a change in the statistical specifications (reporting population, farm systematics).