



Moritzburg Castle

# Old Splendor in New Glory

Saxon Palaces, Castles and Gardens

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Discover  
what it's  
all about!



Gastronomy



Overnight accommodation



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Verified information about accessibility,  
see page 80

# YOUR KEY TO DISCOVERING EVERY CASTLE

## Free admission to Saxony's most beautiful palaces, castles and gardens

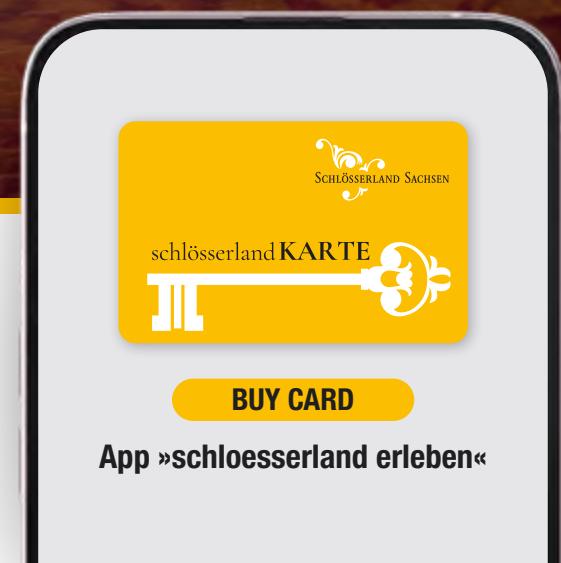


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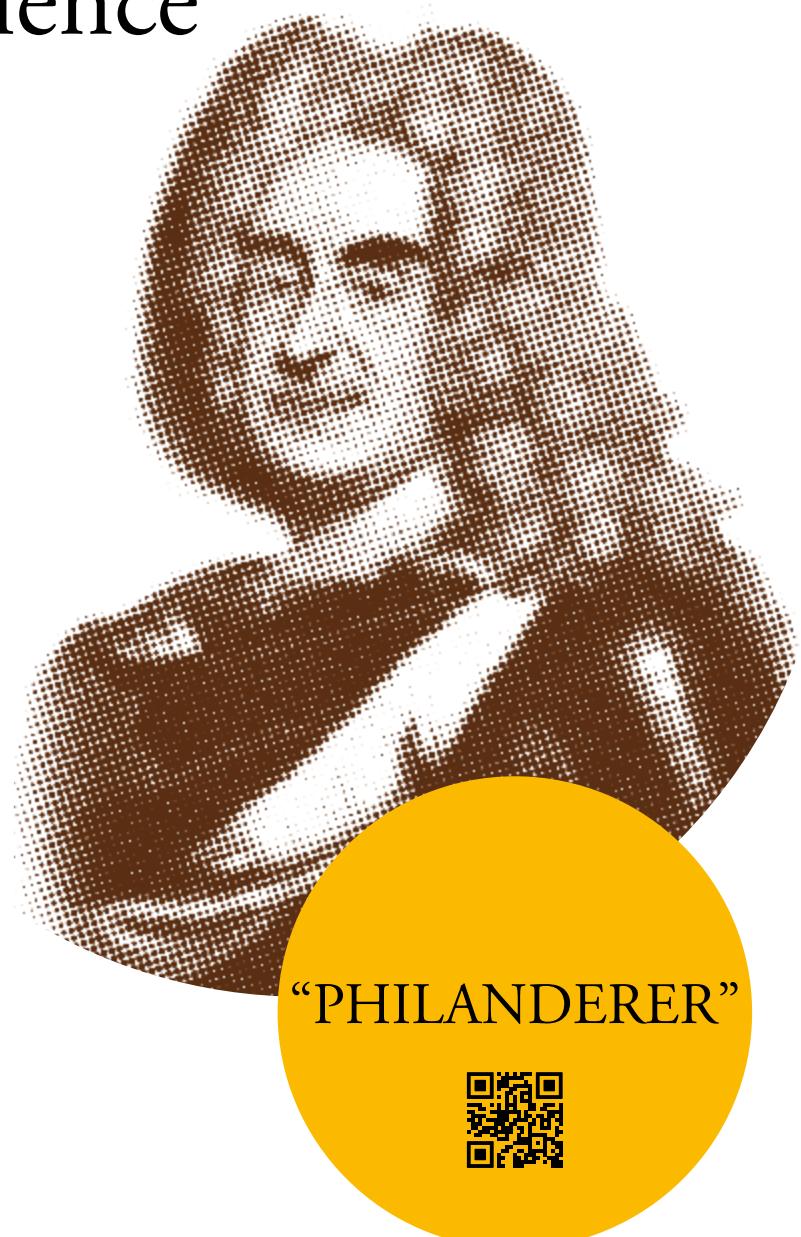
# Augustus the Strong welcomes you to an Audience

“Welcome to Schloesserland Sachsen! My family members ruled over the region that once evolved from the Margraviate of Meissen for over 800 years. And they left behind magnificent buildings throughout the region – true testimonies to power and wealth, but also to joie de vivre and a love of art. Margraves, dukes, electors and kings from the House of Wettin and the nobility who emulated them turned Saxony into what it is today: The most important cultural destination in Germany.

There is no other place in the world that boasts such a density of magnificent buildings. Many of them were designed by the finest architects of their time. Masters such as Arnold of Westphalia, Matthaeus Daniel Poeppelmann and Johann Christoph Knöffel masterfully crafted architectural works of the very highest standard. Affectionately restored, they evoke no less admiration today as museums, cultural sites or hotels than they did during the lifetimes of their architects.

Medieval castles and monasteries, magnificent Renaissance palaces, splendid Baroque residences, extensive gardens and parks and fantastic neo-style buildings of the 19th century all proudly testify to Saxony’s creative power and the aristocratic lifestyle of my time. Each building reveals the flavor of the exclusive lifestyles and brings history back to life with their captivating anecdotes. And there’s a lot to learn about my life as well. After all, I did make quite a considerable contribution to the art of Saxon architecture!”

*Elector Frederick Augustus I of Saxony,  
King Augustus II of Poland, called “Augustus the Strong” (1670–1733)*





The baroque historic center of Dresden with Bruehl's Terrace.  
The multimedia exhibition "Festung Xperience" is concealed  
behind the fortress walls, see page 33.





Meissen Albrechtsburg Castle overlooking the Elbe River

# Strong Walls, sturdy Towers

“During my lifetime, the Margraviate of Meissen flourished. I cleared forests, reclaimed land and founded lordships. Cities such as Leipzig and Freiberg were founded. Proud, fortified castles secured the new settlements and trade routes. Some of them are so well preserved that even today, one might think that at any moment the castle gate could open and the lord of the castle and his companions would charge across the drawbridge on their steeds.

Bowery and keep, knights' halls, castle chapels and dreary dungeons take you on a magical journey back to the Middle Ages. The spirit of the Middle Ages is palpable in the castles of Mildenstein and Gnandstein. Monasteries such as the Cistercian abbey in Altzella are outstanding examples of medieval culture and education. Its library was one of the most important in the empire.

My eponymous wealth made the Margraviate of Meissen shine with splendor. I owed this to the Saxon soil, for rich silver deposits were discovered in the densely wooded mountains not far from the monastery in 1168. A 'Berggeschrey' (mining rush) began, drawing miners and hewers, charcoal burners and merchants to Saxony. On request, I gave everyone the freedom to mine in the Ore Mountains. This was an incentive – and the mining duty, known as the 'Bergzehnte', filled my coffers ...”

*Margrave Otto II, the Rich (1125–1190)*



“MONEY  
GRUBBER”





The ruins of the Altzella Monastery



## Altzella Monastery Park

# A Trip into the World of Romanticism

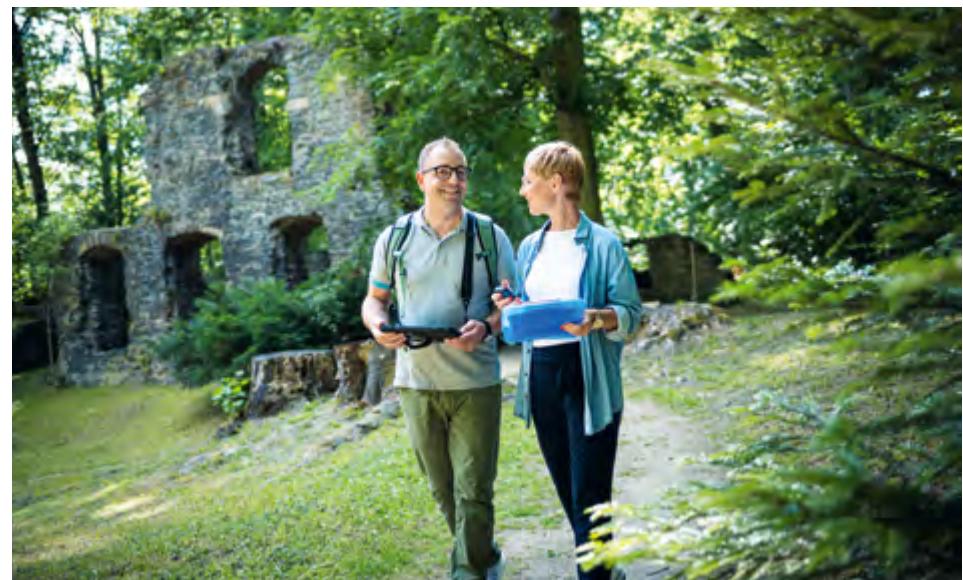
In the wake of the Reformation, Lutheran sovereigns expelled the monks from the monasteries. The Cistercian abbey of Altzella, which had been one of the most important monasteries in central Germany until then, was also dissolved. The complex, which had been in operation since 1175, fell into disrepair, and stones from the buildings were removed and used elsewhere. Of more than one thousand precious books, some were donated to the University of Leipzig. Yet, since Altzella was a hereditary burial place of the Wettin dynasty, the Dresden court's interest in the site never completely waned. Elector Frederick Augustus III built a mausoleum here in 1787, in the style of Early Classicism. Court gardener Johann Gottfried Huebler surrounded the quiet, tomb with a romantic landscape park. Before long, painters such as Caspar David Friedrich and Ludwig Richter sought inspiration in the mystical landscape with its ancient pointed arches, sturdy gables and broken pillars. What fascinated the Romantics can still be felt today.



Library hall in the Converses' House



Mausoleum of the Wettins



GPS treasure hunt through the monastery park

### Altzella Monastery Park

Zellaer Strasse 10, 01683 Nossen  
Telephone +49 (0) 352 42 50 450  
altzella@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.kloster-altzella.de

### Directions

**By car** via A14 exit Nossen-Nord or Nossen-Ost, via A4 exit Siebenlehn towards Nossen  
**By public transportation** bus lines 420, 690 and 750 to Zella Waldheimer Strasse

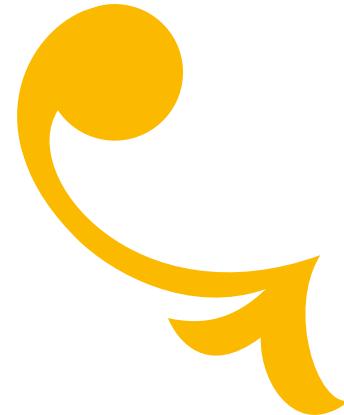


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Castle Chapel



Gnandstein Castle



Gnandstein Castle



Emperor's Hall in the south wing of the castle complex

# A Picture-Book Castle

In the vicinity of the “pottery town” of Kohren-Salis stands Saxony’s best-preserved Romanesque fortification: Gnandstein Castle. The von Einsiedel family lived here from the 14th century until the end of the Second World War – without ever having relinquished the keys to the castle.

This is probably why you can still truly feel the spirit of ancient times in the castle, despite its many renovations and extensions. Keep, ward, battlements, shield wall, Palace building – the fortress high above the little river Wyhra is a true

dream in stone for lovers of the Middle Ages. Climbing up to the keep and into the late-Gothic chapel, you can get a true sense of the turbulent times of sieges and attacks.

An ancient legend adds some spice to the medieval aura: to this day, a treasure is said to be hidden on the castle grounds that no one has yet been able to find. But even without a find of your own, there are plenty of treasures to marvel at in the castle. In the permanent exhibition, guests are able to discover more than 400 exhibits spanning seven centuries.



## Directions

**By car** via A72 exit Geithain, continue towards Rodaer Dorfstrasse/B7

**By public transportation** train to Frohburg; bus line 264 to Gnandstein, Kohren-Sahlis

## Gnandstein Castle

Burgstrasse 3, 04654 Frohburg

Telephone +49 (0) 343 44 6 13 09

gnandstein@schloesserland-sachsen.de

[www.burg-museum-gnandstein.de](http://www.burg-museum-gnandstein.de)



Kriebstein Castle on the Zschopau River

Gaining insights into the world of ancient knights



## Kriebstein Castle

Kriebsteiner Strasse 7, 09648 Kriebstein  
Telephone +49 (0) 343 27 9 52 27  
kriebstein@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.burg-kriebstein.eu

### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Hainichen; via A14 exit Doeblin-Nord towards Waldheim  
**By public transportation** train to Waldheim, continue with bus line 920 to Kriebethal  
(weekdays only, then an approx. 20-minute walk)



## Kriebstein Castle

# A Dream of a Knight's Castle

The most beautiful knight's castle of Saxony rises on a steep rock above the Zschopau River: Kriebstein Castle. Dietrich von Beerwalde commissioned the castle complex to be built as his residence more than 600 years ago. One of the castle's highlights is the monumental, 45-meter-high Residential tower with its late medieval Bartizans and Ridge turrets.

The Kriebstein Room, the Castle Chapel and the Treasure Vault all contain unique late-Gothic wall paintings. In the Treasure Vault, guests can discover parts of the treasure that was hidden in the chimney of the Residential tower until 1986.

The interactive treasure hunt playfully explores every corner of the knight's castle and reveals its secrets.

A variety of events such as the medieval festival, the "Castle of Fairy Tales", concerts, knights' dinners and mysterious guided tours through the ancient castle walls all make for a truly unique experience. Even the film industry loves the magic of Kriebstein Castle: As an internationally popular film set, Kriebstein Castle can be seen in the Oscar-winning Hollywood production "The Grand Budapest Hotel", in the fairy tale film "Snow White" and in "Sweet Porridge", among others.



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Interactive treasure hunt through the castle

Hidden object game, with a digital discovery function, in the exhibition "The Court of the Young Lordship"



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## Mildenstein Castle

# A Symbol of Power carved in Stone

Mildenstein Castle was first mentioned in 1046 and is one of the oldest castles in Saxony. Salian kings, Staufers and the Wettin margraves all held court here. The Wettins built the castle's first dungeon cells behind the meter thick walls. The mere sight of the many locked doors, torture instruments and practices of the medieval penal system in the prison wing, which is still preserved today, truly makes one shudder.

The wooden construction of the Gothic granary floor, the keep, the Romanesque Castle Chapel with its three-winged altar and the medieval Knights' Halls never cease to impress. "Frieder Berg", the keep brought to life, tells of its experiences in the castle. The interactive search for the treasure of William the One-Eyed offers hours of puzzle fun for the whole family and culminates in an escape room.

In the restored manor house, the exhibition "The Court of the Young Lordship – Mildenstein Castle as the Elector's Nursery" complements the family-friendly, interactive offerings. The "Princes' Parlor" and the three Knights' Halls are available for weddings, family celebrations and conferences in a unique setting. In the Black Kitchen, you can cook medieval cuisine over an open fire.



Granary floor in the outer bailey



## Mildenstein Castle

Burglehn 6, 04703 Leisnig  
Telephone +49 (0) 343 21 6 25 60  
mildenstein@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.burg-mildenstein.de



Mildenstein Castle above the Mulde river



Rochlitz Castle with its striking  
"Light Jupe" and "Dark Jupe" towers

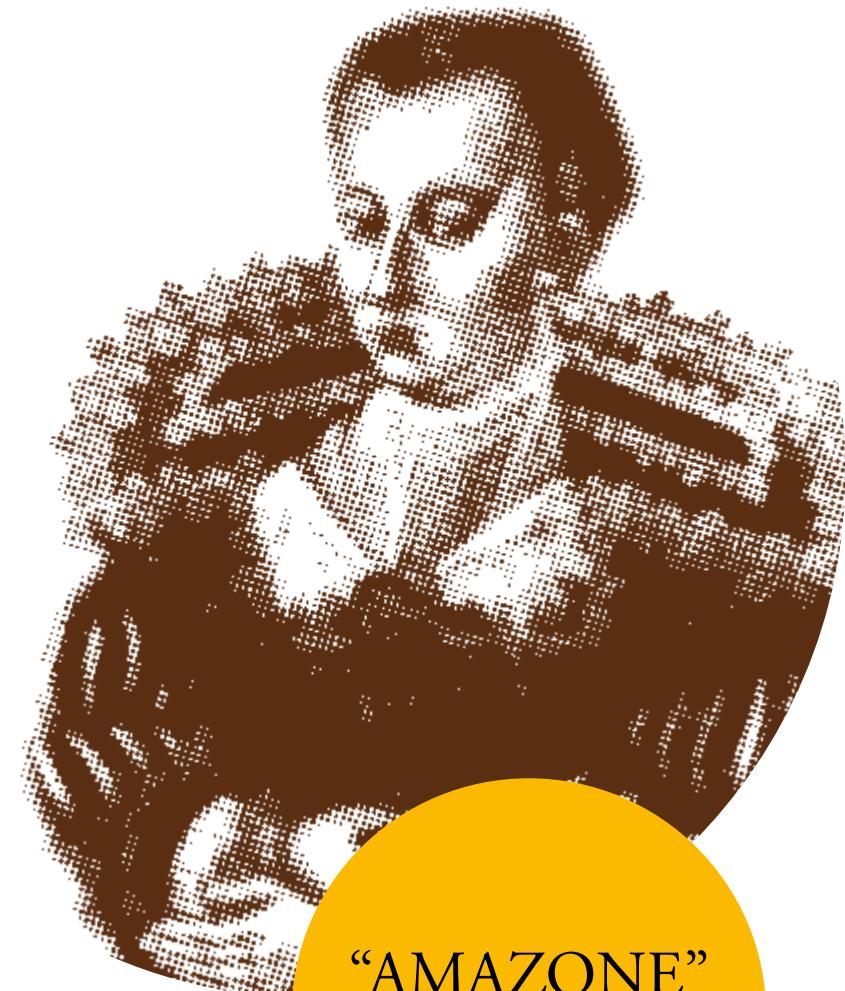
# When Castles turned into Palaces

“As the widow of Duke John of Saxony, I resided in Rochlitz for ten years. Much to the chagrin of my father-in-law Duke George, who was a bitter opponent of Luther, I promoted the Reformation in my estates. But when a religious war broke out, in which even brothers and relatives fought against each other, I tried to mediate. Nevertheless, my heart beat for the Protestant side. The architecture of Central Germany had already reached its peak even before my time in Rochlitz.

This also gave a distinctive luster to my residence because it was here that the famous master craftsman Arnold of Westphalia explored completely new forms and methods of architectural design. His trademark became the ‘curtain arch windows’ – high and wide windows with arches reminiscent of gathered curtains. These windows can be found not only in Rochlitz, but also at Meissen Albrechtsburg Castle, which is considered to be Arnold’s finest work. There, his second invention comes into its own: the cellular vault, a completely new technique of ceiling construction. It is capable of spanning the most diverse floor plans in a great variety of forms.

Thanks to these innovations and the changing needs of their owners, the plain castles gradually began to give way to a type of construction in which the focus was no longer on defense but on representation: the palace.”

*Elisabeth of Rochlitz (1502–1557)*



“AMAZONE”



# Stolpen Castle – simply inescapable



Sunset at Stolpen Castle



Palace? Fortress? Castle? The eventful history of Stolpen has resulted in these walls in the course of eight centuries. Hussites, Swedes, Prussians and Frenchmen have all left their mark on the fortress. The bishops of Meissen, and also the Electress Anna and Elector Augustus of Saxony, commissioned the construction of a splendid castle here, which became their sanctuary. Stolpen gained renown because of the power struggles at the Saxon court, which bestowed upon the castle its most famous inhabitant. For nearly half a century, until her passing, Anna Constantia Countess von Cosel was forced to live behind the fortress walls as an exile.

The fun-loving, beautiful and clever Cosel, mistress of Augustus the Strong and mother of three of his children, had fallen in disfavor as a result of her alleged interference in politics – and ultimately fell victim to the opportunism of her noble bedfellow. Just as hard as the fate of Cosel is also the basalt on which the castle was built. From the highest vantage point of the castle grounds, looking out from Fuerstenplatz, you can look far into Saxony and marvel at romantic sunsets.



## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Pulsnitz, towards Radeberg; via A17 exit Pirna, towards Pirna/Graupa and Neustadt in Sachsen  
**By public transportation** bus lines R261 and R234 to Stolpen Aerzthaus or Schuetzenhausstrasse; train to Stolpen, then an approx. 30-minute walk

## Stolpen Castle

Schlossstrasse 10, 01833 Stolpen  
Telephone +49 (0) 35 97 32 34 10  
stolpen@schlosserland-sachsen.de  
www.burg-stolpen.org

# A Trendsetter since 1471

Upon a cliff high above the Elbe Valley, a wooden fortress was erected in the year 929, and soon thereafter a stone one: Meissen Albrechtsburg Castle. It is considered to be the “Cradle of Saxony” from which the Wettins ruled for centuries. In 1471, master craftsman Arnold of Westphalia converted Albrechtsburg Castle into Germany’s first palace. To this very day, the architecture of the representative building continues to impress and bears witness to the power of the former sovereigns. Following the will of Augustus the Strong, the first European porcelain manufactory moved into the castle in 1710. From Meissen, the “White Gold – Porcelain” began its triumphant march through Europe.

Meissen Albrechtsburg Castle with cathedral and district court



## Meissen Albrechtsburg Castle

Domplatz 1, 01662 Meissen

Telephone +49 (0) 35 21 4 7070

albrechtsburg@schloesserland-sachsen.de

www.albrechtsburg-meissen.de

## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Siebenlehn, continue on B101; via A13 exit Radeburg; via A14 exit Nossen-Ost; via B6 from Dresden to Meissen

**By public transportation** S-Bahn S1 to Meissen-Altstadt station; Elbe steamboat to Meissen landing stage; sightseeing bus between Porcelain Manufactory, Old Town and Burgberg



On a tour of discovery with the “HistoPad”

Modern, interactive exhibits, augmented reality formats and 3D presentations bring Saxon history to life today. Visitors experience the fascination of innovative architecture, power and the genius of Saxon inventiveness in virtually every nook and cranny of Albrechtsburg Castle.



Meissen  
Albrechtsburg  
Castle





Monks' processions in the ruins of the monastery church

## Oybin Castle and Monastery

# Insider Tip of the Romantics

High atop Oybin, the most famous rock massif of the Zittau Mountains, tower the fascinating ruins of the Bohemian royal castle and the Oybin monastery. They became world famous in the 18th and 19th centuries thanks to Romantic painters such as Caspar David Friedrich and Carl Gustav Carus. What started out as a simple fortification was expanded into a well-defended complex in the early 14th century.

The German Emperor Charles IV built an imperial house on the castle grounds and donated a monastery to the Order of the Celestines. Its imposing church was built with the help of the famous Prague cathedral builders. Monastic life ended with the dawning of Reformation in the 16th century – and nature reclaimed Oybin. In combination with the impressive natural features, the ruins of the medieval buildings form a unique ensemble of nature and architecture and represent one of the highlights when visiting the Zittau Mountains Nature Park.

Lookout point across the ruin and surrounding area



Oybin Castle and Monastery



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### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Weissenberg, towards Loebau and Zittau

**By public transportation** train to Zittau, continue by narrow-gauge railroad or bus line 16 to Oybin/Lueckendorf

### Oybin Castle and Monastery

Fremdenverkehrsbetrieb Oybin

Hauptstrasse 15, 02797 Kurort Oybin

Telephone +49 (0) 35 84 4 73 30

info@oybin.com, www.burgundkloster-oybin.com



Cooking like in the Middle Ages in the rustic Black Kitchen



Take in the view from the rose terrace

## Rochlitz Castle

# The Fat Count, the One-Eyed Margrave and the Revolutionary

For more than 600 years, the Rochlitz towers “Light Jupe” and “Dark Jupe” have towered high above the Zwickauer Mulde River. Having been built in the 10th century as a castle complex to safeguard the hard-won victory over the Western Slavs, later rulers held court here, yet war and sieges also took hold. But Rochlitz also experienced brighter times. Dedo of Groitzsch, also nicknamed “the Fat”, propelled the settlement of the Rochlitz countryside. Margrave Wilhelm the One-Eyed had the

defiant castle converted into a residential palace, and the rebellious Duchess Elisabeth of Saxony paved the way for the Reformation as a mediator in the Schmalkaldic War. Each generation has left its architectural mark on Rochlitz. A special attraction is the lovingly restored Princes’ House with stately rooms and a magnificent Dining Hall. Young and old can experience the history of the “forgotten Wettins” in an exciting interactive exhibition.



Rochlitz Castle on the Zwickauer Mulde River

**Rochlitz Castle**  
Soernziger Weg 1, 09306 Rochlitz  
Telephone +49 (0) 37 37 49 23 10  
rochlitz@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.schloss-rochlitz.de

### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Chemnitz-Gloesa, continue via B107; via A14 exit Doeblin-Nord, continue via B169 and B175; via A72 exit Rochlitz, continue via B175  
**By public transportation** train to Geithain, Narsdorf, Mittweida or Erlau, continue with bus to Rochlitz



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Rochsburg Castle

# Hidden Treasure amidst Greenery

Large Banquet Hall in the museum



## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Chemnitz-Gloesa, continue via B107; via A14 exit Doebln-Nord, continue via B169 and B175; via A72: exit Niederfrohna, towards Penig

**By public transportation** train to Geithain, Narsdorf or Glauchau; continue with bus to Rochlitz, Wechselburg, Lunzenau, Penig or Waldenburg; from there by BusBahn 629 to Rochsburg



Rochsburg Castle in the Zwickauer Mulde Valley

The von Schoenburg family took over Rochsburg Castle in the 16th century following a series of devastating fires – and restored it to its former glory. Today, guests can immerse themselves in the everyday life of nobility. A variety of themed tours show the most remote corners – and bridal couples can wed in style in the Small Banquet Hall.

More than 50 costumes offer a fascinating excursion into the fashion history of the past millennium in the “People Make Clothes” exhibition. Instead of sausage and turnips, visitors to the late Gothic cellar will find interesting facts about natural building materials. The chocolate manufactory in the palace offers exquisite delicacies. The Choco Del Sol chocolate factory, which is open on weekends and public holidays, tempts visitors with its exquisite, sweet culinary delights.

## Rochsburg Castle

Schlossstrasse 1, 09328 Lunzenau

Telephone +49 (0) 37 38 3 80 38 10

museum-rochsburg@kultur-mittelsachsen.de

www.schloss-rochsburg.de



Half-timbered battlement along the north defensive wall



Wildeck Castle in the center of the town of Zschopau



Motorcycle history of DKW and MZ



Take in the view from the tower "Fat Henry"



Discover the castle garden

## Wildeck Castle

# Cold Ore and red-hot Motorbikes

Erected on the foundations of a 12th-century fortification, Wildeck Castle stands guard high above the Zschopau River to this day. Carters and traders who transported salt from the Hallens region to Bohemia on the "Bohemian Trail" found shelter here. That is also why the route is known as the "Salt Road". Today, however, all that remains of the defiant military fortress is "Fat Henry", a 30-meter-high tower with extremely thick walls. Duke Maurice of Saxony had the castle converted into a hunting lodge in the middle of the 16th century. From the 17th to the 20th century, the local chief forestry and game master's office was located here.

The Renaissance castle is visible from afar and houses a museum that features both a Middle Ages interactive exhibition and a truly impressive motorcycle exhibition. This is because Zschopau once used to be home to the largest motorcycle factory in the world. Noble DKW machines from the "Rasmussen Collection" and legendary MZ motorcycles revive this tradition – and are sure to make the heart of guests who love these vehicles leap for joy.

**Wildeck Castle**  
Schloss Wildeck 1, 09405 Zschopau  
Telephone +49 (0) 37 25 28 71 70  
schloss@zschopau.de  
www.schloss-wildeck.de

### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Chemnitz-Mitte, further via B95 to Chemnitz and via B174 to Zschopau  
**By public transportation** train to Zschopau, bus line 206/207 to Zschopau Neumarkt



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Weesenstein Castle in Saxon Switzerland

# The Pearl in Saxony's Crown

Like a pearl, Weesenstein Castle gradually grew layer by layer. For 800 years, it has towered over the Mueglitz Valley, was repeatedly rebuilt, partially demolished and reconstructed to suit the tastes of the time. The result is a unique example of a Saxon castle with stylistic elements ranging from Gothic to Classicism.

Go on a discovery tour of the castle



Prince George Room

Today, visitors explore the winding staircase kingdom: Horse stables are situated on the fifth floor. The stately chambers, decorated with precious wallpaper, are again located one floor below the cellar. In this peculiar castle, in which every fifth window is only painted on, even the old lord of the castle still haunts the "Monk's Way". Short films recreate history in rooms furnished as they were originally. King Johann's favorite castle offers varied experiences for young and old alike. A French-style inspired palace park in front of the imposing palace invites you to take a relaxing stroll.



## Weesenstein Castle

Am Schlossberg 1, 01809 Mueglitztal  
Telephone +49 (0) 350 27 62 60  
weesenstein@schlosserland-sachsen.de  
www.schloss-weesenstein.de

## Directions

**By car** via A 17 exit Pirna, continue towards Glashuette or via B 172 to Heidenau or Pirna, then continue towards Altenberg  
**By public transportation** S-Bahn S1 to Heidenau, continue with train or bus line 202 to Weesenstein



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Colditz Castle on the Zwickauer Mulde River

# New Philosophies – new Designs

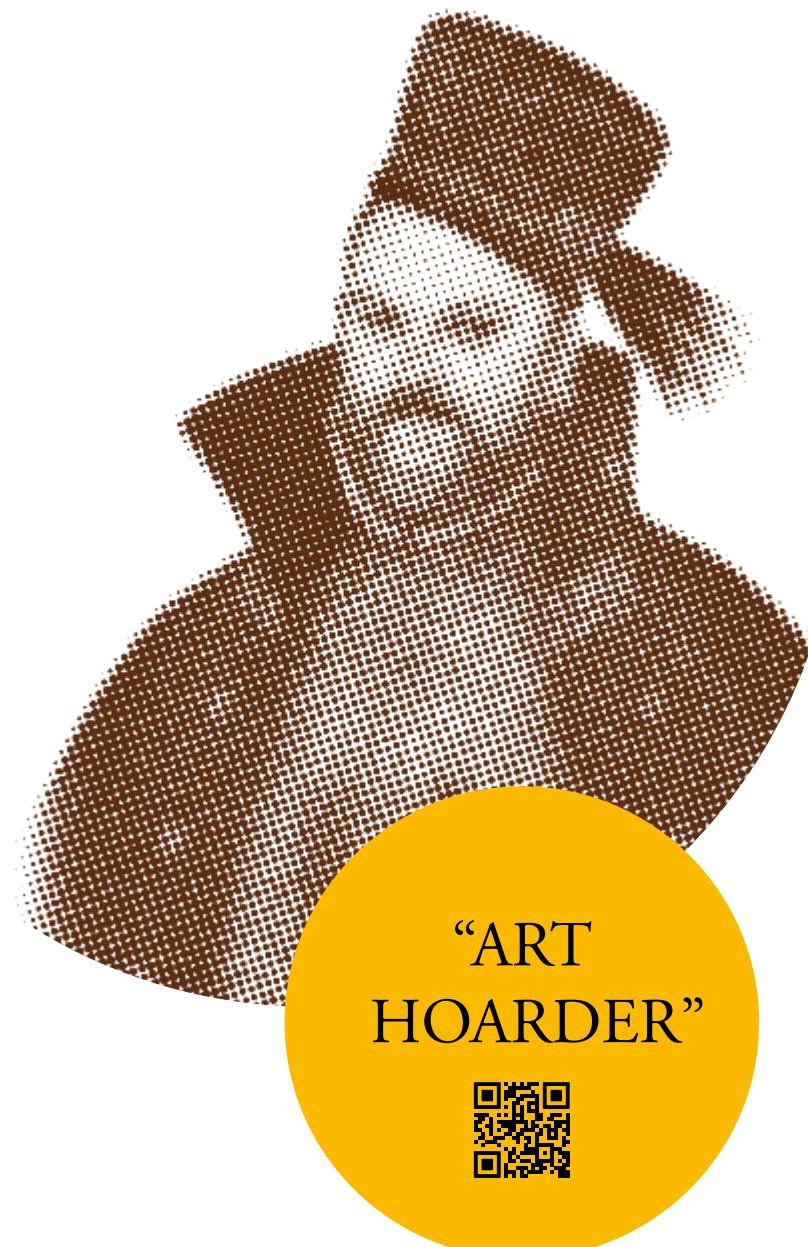
“The spirit of the Renaissance came to Saxony in my time, in the 16th century. The dark Middle Ages gave way to the dawn of discoveries and new knowledge. We princes promoted the arts and sciences and tended to the development of trade and crafts. We were not willing to live in the cramped, uncomfortable castles built by our forefathers.

We therefore had the residential castles in Torgau and Dresden remodeled. With their richly decorated facades, long rows of windows, artistic spiral stones, new castle chapels and representative room arrangements, they aroused admiration throughout Europe. By the way, I also achieved the latter with my chamber of art and natural objects.

Here, I collected precious and rare items from all over the world – from unicorns and mineral specimens to precious stones and paintings – and presented them to my astonished guests.

Many of my successors were also avid collectors, some even more so than me. I was also responsible for the conversion of the old castles in Freiberg, Nossen and Colditz. They became castles with magnificently decorated portals, wide stepped gables and large halls. To defend the cities, modern fortifications in the Italian and Dutch style were built in Dresden and Leipzig with cannon-armed bastions and secure casemates. Koenigstein in the Elbe Sandstone Mountains was expanded into an impregnable national fortress.”

*Augustus, Elector of Saxony (1526 – 1586)*





Freudenstein Castle with castle square



Rock crystals in the "terra mineralia" exhibition

## Freudenstein Castle Freiberg

# Treasures of the Earth from all over the World



A true treasure is concealed behind the old walls of Freudenstein Castle. The Renaissance palace was erected in the 16th century on the site of the original 12th century castle to protect the town of Freiberg and the silver mining industry there. Today, the architectural features, such as the fortified round tower, tell us a story about past military conflicts. The painstakingly preserved Renaissance staircases and vaulted rooms, on the other hand, are reminiscent of magnificent festivals and celebrations.

With the new audio guide in the "Schlösserland erleben" (discover Schlosserland) app, you can now discover the castle complex itself in a whole new way. With it, you are guided through the history, architecture,

personalities and special features of the building, which is sure to turn your tour into a personalized experience.

But it is not only the historic castle ensemble and its history that attract guests to Freiberg. Freudenstein Castle houses one of the most beautiful and largest mineral exhibitions in the world: More than 3,500 minerals, gemstones and meteorites dazzle young and old alike. The permanent exhibition "terra mineralia" presents the richly colored and shaped treasures from five continents. For instance, young people can explore the world of natural sciences in the research journey, the hands-on laboratory in the terra mineralia exhibition.

Discover with  
our app



### Directions

**By car** via A4/A14 exit Siebenlehn/Nossen Ost, continue via B101 towards Freiberg to the town center (Schloßplatz); via B173/B101 to the town center of Freiberg

**By public transportation** take the train to Freiberg, then go approx. 20 minutes by foot or take the city bus line B to Schloßplatz; take the bus to Freiberg bus station, then go approx. 15 minutes by foot to Schloßplatz

### Freudenstein Castle, terra mineralia

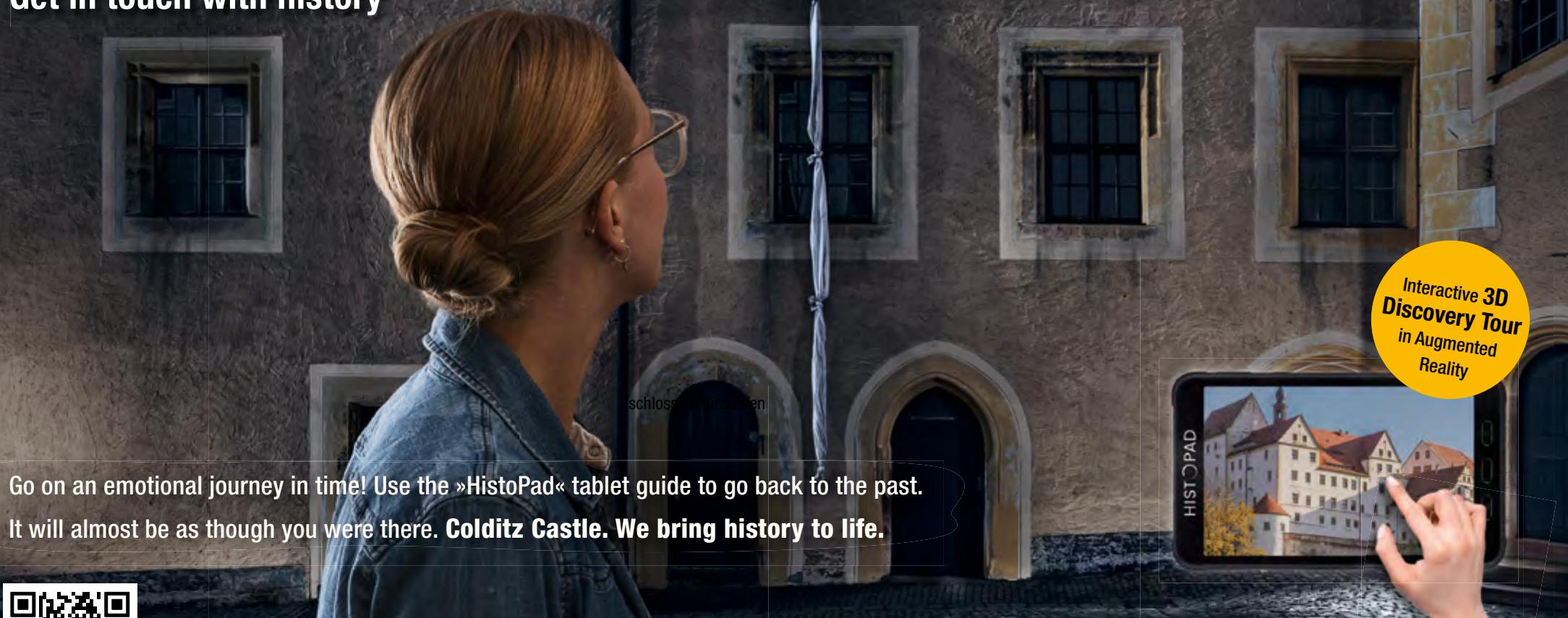
Schloßplatz 4, 09599 Freiberg  
Telephone +49 (0) 37 31 39 46 54  
fuehrungen@terra-mineralia.de  
www.terra-mineralia.de



Tour of the "terra mineralia" exhibition

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Colditz Castle

# A Lost Place awakens



Replica of the Colditz glider

Discover the Belgian Quarter with the "HistoPad"



**Castle Colditz**  
Schlossgasse 1, 04680 Colditz  
colditz@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.schloss-colditz.de

## Directions

**By car** via A14 exit Grimma, further via B107 direction Colditz; via A4 exit Glauchau, via Rochlitz to Colditz  
**By public transportation** train to Grimma, continue by bus line 619 to Colditz; train to Bad Lausick, continue by bus 613 to Colditz

brings the castle's history to life. The once magnificent Renaissance rooms of Frederick the Wise can now be visited for the first time. The creative escape attempts of high-ranking officers of the Western allies who were prisoners-of-war in Colditz during the Second World War are brought to life. At the interactive station, visitors can test for themselves whether they would be able to escape Colditz Castle with a home-made glider. In the treasure hunt using the tablet you can hunt for the items which would have been necessary for an escape. Reports from witnesses of the time bring to life the era when Colditz was used as a hospital. Tales of adventure await – goosebumps guaranteed!



Castle Chapel

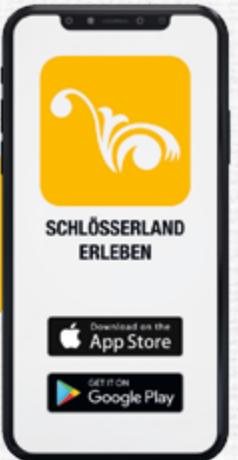


# MAKE THE MOST OF YOUR VISIT

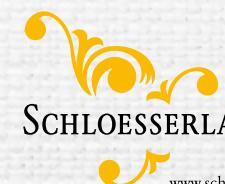
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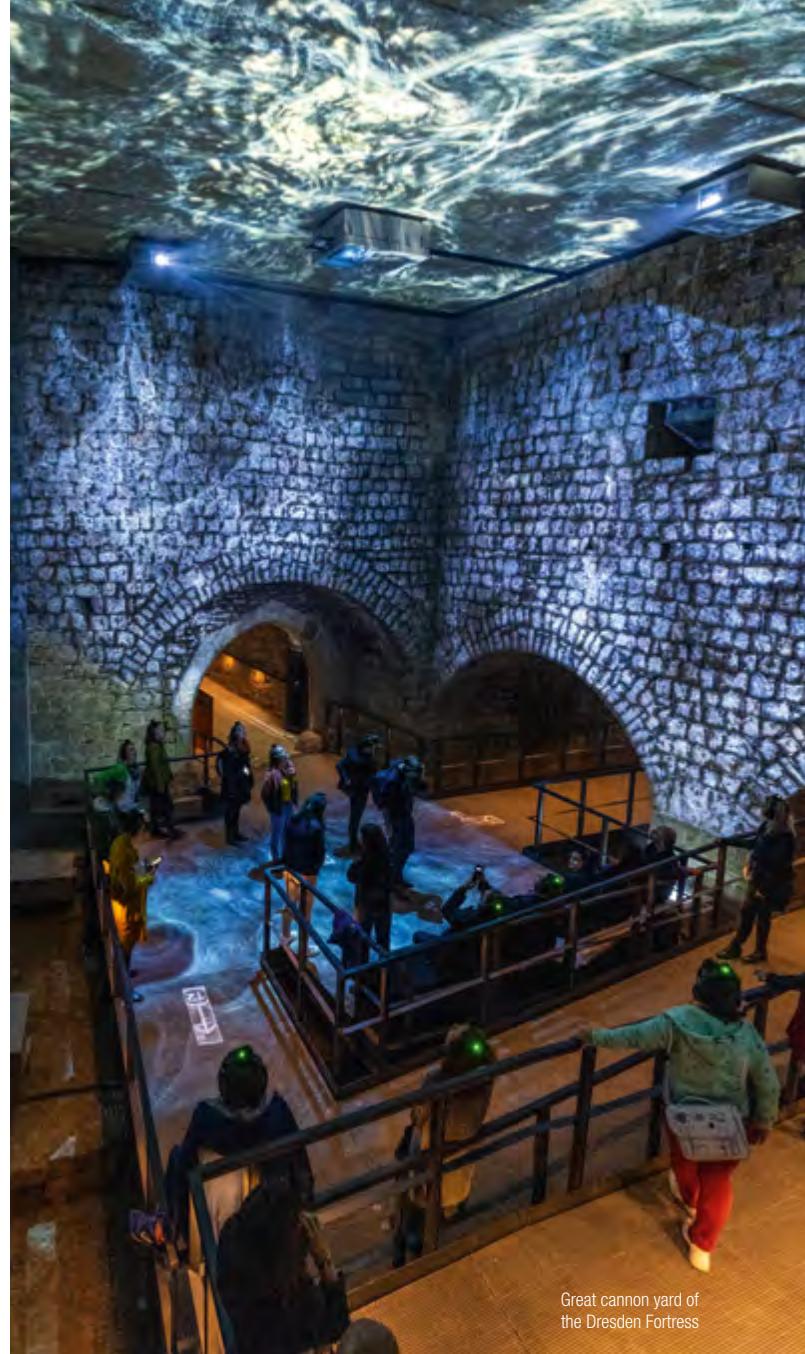
This measure is co-financed using taxpayer money,  
based on the budget adopted by the Saxon State  
Parliament.



Atmospheric 360-degree projections and 3D sound technology



Fully accessible entrance with the elevator on Bruehl's Terrace



Great cannon yard of the Dresden Fortress

## Dresden Fortress

# Beneath the Balcony of Europe



Tucked between the Academy of Fine Arts and the Albertinum, an elevator takes you from Bruehl's Terrace down to Dresden Fortress. This is where Dresden's best-kept secret lurks. Mighty walls surrounding the 400-year-old brick gate give an indication of the military background of courtly splendor. The place where Johann Friedrich Boettger invented European porcelain in his laboratory in 1707 is now home to "Festung Xperience" a multimedia production. On an area covering 1,500 square meters, breathtaking 360-degree projections and atmospheric audio technology bring the

eventful history of what was once Germany's most modern bastion fortress to life.

The city presents itself in baroque charm above the fortress casemates: From Bruehl's Terrace, commissioned by Heinrich von Bruehl guests can gaze out over the panorama of the Elbe River and its white paddle steamers. This is where people from all over the world have been meeting since time immemorial. It therefore comes as no surprise that the fortified building, which has been transformed into a promenade, is also known as the "Balcony of Europe".

## Dresden Fortress

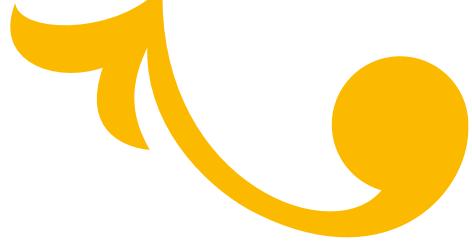
Bruehl's Terrace/Terrassenufer, 01067 Dresden  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 5 63 91 30 00  
festung-Xperience@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.festung-Xperience.de

## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Dresden-Altstadt, follow the signs in the direction of the city center  
**By public transportation** take the streetcar to the stop Altmarkt, Pirnaischer Platz or Synagoge



Dresden Fortress



# Where the Arts reside

One of the most significant palace buildings of the Renaissance is situated in the heart of Dresden's historic center: the Dresden Royal Palace. Since the 15th century, the palace has been the cultural center of the city as the seat of electors and kings.



Dresden Royal Palace

Audience chamber, Royal State Apartments in the Dresden Royal Palace



Historic Green Vault, Pretiosa Room

In 1945, it was nearly entirely destroyed during the bombing of Dresden. Today it has been restored to its former glory and houses the Staatliche Kunstsammlungen Dresden, one of the largest art collections in Europe.

In the Green Vault, the Royal State Apartments, the Renaissance Wing, the Turkish Chamber and the Giant Hall of the Armory, visitors will discover testimonies of a glorious time full of wealth and splendor. The Coin Cabinet can also be found behind the palace walls. The Great Palace Courtyard captivates visitors with its sophisticated sgraffito-scratched plasterwork. Visitors can also admire the beauty of the palace from the 100-meter Hausmann Tower – and enjoy a unique panoramic view of Dresden at the same time.



## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Dresden-Altstadt, follow the signs in the direction of the city center  
**By public transportation** take the streetcar to the stop Altmark



Tour of the gallery in the east wing

below:  
Bay window with radial ribbed vaulting



Glauchau Castle  
**Collectors,  
Benefactors and Scholars**

**L**ate Gothic architecture and one of the oldest museums in Saxony unite at Glauchau Castle. The former castle complex was built at the end of the 12th century by one of the oldest Saxon noble families, the Lords of Schoenburg. They used the medieval castle as a seat of power and belonged to the high nobility of that time, only being subordinate

to the emperor and exercising their own sovereignty. Another three centuries later, the residential building was remodeled into a late Gothic residential castle with arched curtain windows, lancet-arched portals, a Banquet Hall and a Castle Chapel. The museum, which was founded in 1884, has been housed here since 1940 and presents the history of the town and



Castle complex Forderglauchau and Hinterglauchau Castle

**Museum and art collection Hinterglauchau Castle**  
Schlossplatz 5 A, 08371 Glauchau  
Telephone +49 (0) 37 63 77 75 80  
schlossmuseum@glauchau.de  
www.glauchau.de, Category: Culture & Tourism

#### Directions

**By car** via A4 to exit Glauchau; alternatively via B175  
**By public transportation** train to Glauchau, then an approx. 20-minute walk



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Hartenfels Castle on the Elbe River



The exhibition STEADFAST. PIUS. AND HARD-DRINKING.

## Hartenfels Castle

# A Spirit of Reform beneath the Spiral Staircase



Hartenfels Castle – an architectural masterpiece of the early Renaissance – is a prominent part of the urban ensemble of Torgau, one of the most magnificent Renaissance towns in Germany and the political center of the Lutheran Reformation.

Castle courtyard with the Great Wendelstein and Hausmann Tower



### Hartenfels Castle

Schlossstrasse 27, 04860 Torgau  
Telephone +49 (0) 3421 7 581054  
[info@schloss-hartenfels.de](mailto:info@schloss-hartenfels.de)  
[www.schloss-hartenfels.de](http://www.schloss-hartenfels.de)

### Directions

**By car** via A13 exit Duben, continue via B87 to Torgau; via A14 exit Leipzig-Nordost, continue via B87 to Torgau  
**By public transportation** train to Torgau, then an approx. 20-minute walk



Castle Chapel

Built on the foundations of a medieval castle, under Elector Johann Friedrich the Magnanimous, the Ernestine residence was transformed into a modern and imposing palace complex in the 16th century. The Great Spiral Stone in the palace courtyard and the Castle Chapel, which Martin Luther personally consecrated in 1544, date from this period. This building is considered to be the first new Protestant church in the world. In the late 18th and 19th centuries, the castle became part of the Saxon-Napoleonic fortress and later Prussian barracks.

The permanent multimedia exhibition in the electoral chambers provides a lively insight into everyday life at the Torgau court. Valuable exhibits from the Staatliche Kunstsammlungen Dresden bring to life the splendor and wealth of the elector. A spectacular view over the city and the Elbe landscape from the Hausmann Tower as well as a visit to the castle café turn your stay into a memorable experience.



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## Klaffenbach Castle

# Love at First Sight

Inevitably, every visitor will fall under the spell of this little castle, which hardly anyone would describe as a “palace”. Located south of Chemnitz, the white gem from the Renaissance

seems to float virtually weightlessly above the Wuerschnitz River, which also fills the castle moat. The uniquely curved ogee arch roof appears all too playful and the picturesque view of the castle is all too friendly.

This is why couples love to tie the knot in the wedding hall. The newlyweds are guarded by the ghost of the Maiden of Taube, who, as the legend goes, once refused to marry the ugly Lord of Rabenstein here, whereupon her furious father had her walled up alive in the castle tower. The other rooms, which have been reconstructed based on old handicraft tradition, display regional and international artwork. Other popular attractions are the hospitable hotel facilities, a variety of creative workshops and a neighboring golf course and equestrian center.



Bürgersaal (Citizens hall)



Porcelain studio



### Directions

**By car** A72 to exit Stollberg, direction Neukirchen, there follow the signs to the castle  
**By public transportation** train to Neukirchen-Klaffenbach



Klaffenbach Castle



Koenigstein Fortress in Saxon Switzerland

Koenigstein Fortress



# Already conquered?



Interactive exhibitions

**N**estling high above the Elbe River, Koenigstein Fortress – one of Europe's most impressive mountain fortresses – towers on a 247-meter-high table mountain. Behind its mighty walls, visitors can set off on a journey spanning more than 800 years of history – from Germany's oldest barracks, to a well with a depth of 152 meters.

Castle, monastery, fortress, hunting lodge, prison or military hospital – Königstein has already been used for many purposes and is steeped in history. Multimedia presentations, interactive exhibitions and exciting guided tours bring its past to life.

Salute firing at the Georgenbastion

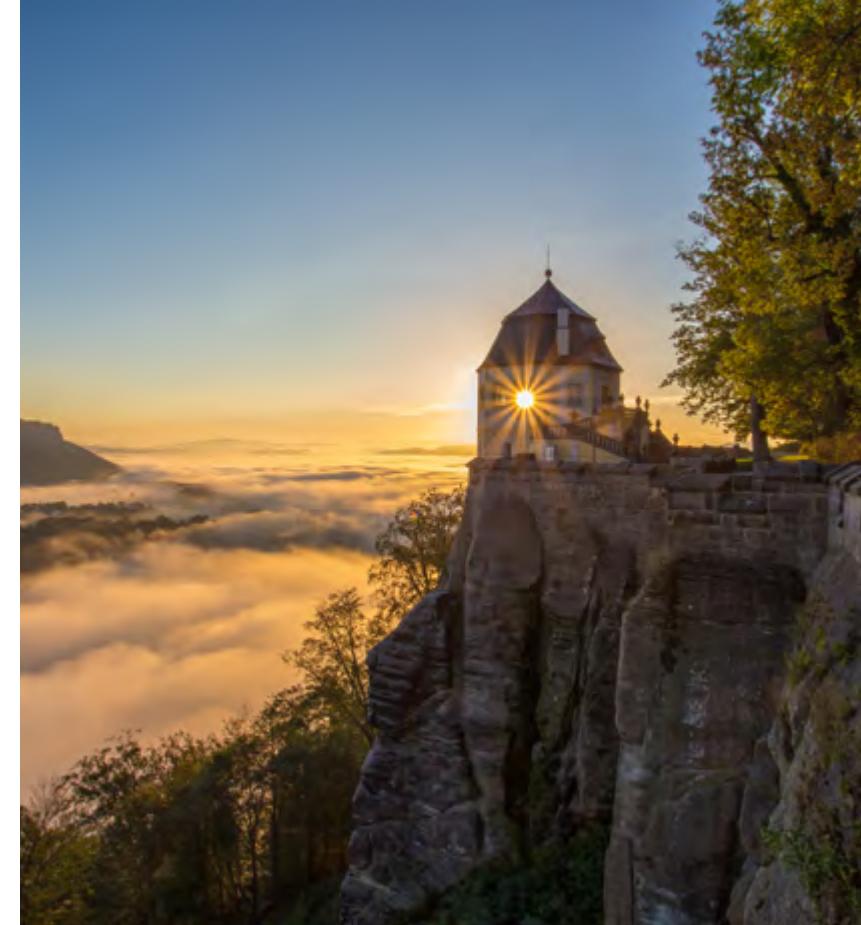


Koenigstein Fortress

Festung Königstein 1, 01824 Königstein  
Telephone +49 (0) 35 02 16 46 07  
[info@festung-koenigstein.de](mailto:info@festung-koenigstein.de)  
[www.festung-koenigstein.de](http://www.festung-koenigstein.de)

Directions

**By car** via A17 exit Pirna, continue via B172 towards Bad Schandau  
**By public transportation** S-Bahn S1 to Koenigstein; Elbe steamboats to Koenigstein landing stage



Morning scenery over the Elbe valley

An almost two-kilometer-long circular route along the walls offers breathtaking views of the Elbe valley, reaching as far as Dresden, as well as a view of the rocky landscape of Saxon Switzerland. A rock lift conveniently transports visitors from the foot of the fortress up to the plateau, where more than 50 buildings, gardens, a small forest, and restaurants invite them to relax and linger. Numerous events for visitors of all ages round off the attractions.



Lauenstein Castle

# The Master Builder's early Inspiration



King John of Saxony described the valley of the Mueglitz as the most beautiful valley in Saxony. Lauenstein Castle, built on a steep rock, is worth a visit not only because of its beautiful surroundings. A spacious residential castle was built here in the 16th century on the foundation walls of a medieval castle, and its owners decorated it with great artistic flair. Even today, you can admire the murals in the Bird Hall, the magnificent vaulted stucco ceiling of the Coat of Arms Hall and the portrait sculptures in the Castle Chapel.

It may very well be possible that the impressive architecture also inspired Lauenstein's most famous resident, George Baehr, architectural genius and builder of the Frauenkirche Dresden. The castle, which is a UNESCO World Heritage Site as part of the Ore Mountains / Krušnohoří Mining Region, now houses the Eastern Ore Mountains Museum – with permanent exhibitions covering the building history of the castle and chateau, the life and work of George Baehr, and mining and minerals in the region in more than 30 rooms.

The model railway layout shows the line between Geising and Altenberg



## Directions

**By car** A17 to exit Bad Gottleuba, direction Geising/Lauenstein  
**By public transportation** S-Bahn S1 to Heidenau, continue by Mueglitztalbahn to Lauenstein

## Easter Ore Mountain Museum Lauenstein Castle

01778 Lauenstein  
Telephone +49 (0) 350 54 2 54 02  
info@schloss-lauenstein.de  
www.schloss-lauenstein.de



View of the industrial exhibition

## Klippenstein Castle

# A Huntsman's Fortune



Aristocratic hunting parties were commonplace at Klippenstein Castle. The impressive winding equestrian staircase system also bears witness to this. In the 16th century, Elector Maurice of Saxony had the castle complex, which dates back to the 13th century, converted into a hunting lodge. The castle today is characterized by architectural styles ranging from Gothic to Renaissance to Classicism. Members of the Saxon princely house used the castle as their residence and official residence. Today, the old walls accommodate the Museum of Castle and Town History. The exhibition "Industrial City of Radeberg" and changing special exhibitions offer visitors to the castle a truly unique experience.

A variety of activities are available for children and young people: in addition to an entertaining castle quiz, numerous events, such as a knight experience day or an animated children's castle tour, can be booked. There are several exciting activities for younger guests, such as the "Middle Ages Experience Day" or an exciting treasure hunt with the castle ghost Klippi. A quick trip to the former court brewery, not far from the castle, which already inspired the Saxon kings in the past, will round off your visit.



Klippenstein Castle with outer castle and castle pond



Town history exhibition

**Klippenstein Castle, Klippenstein Castle Museum**  
Schlossstrasse 6, 01454 Radeberg  
Telephone +49 (0) 35 28 44 26 00  
kontakt@schloss-klippenstein.de  
www.schloss-klippenstein.de

### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Ottendorf-Okrilla or Pulsnitz, direction Radeberg via B6 to Radeberg

**By public transportation** train to Radeberg, then an approx. 20-minute walk; bus line 520 or 521 to Pulsnitzer Straße, then approx. 5 minutes' walk



Klippenstein  
Castle





The Blue Salon



Wildenfels Castle



The "Chinese Cabinet"

## Wildenfels Castle

# Gleaming Oriental Silk



C rook-billed birds, exotic plants and oriental oil lamps teem on precious embroidered silk panels. A sensation of being in the Arabian Nights unfolds in the "Blue Salon" of Wildenfels Castle. Chinese figurines in opulent robes and colorful flower tendrils can be marveled at in the

"Chinese Cabinet". Those unique paper and silk wallpapers from the 18th century embellish the former living salons and are the main highlight of the small castle in the Ore Mountains.

Wildenfels Castle was erected on the walls of a castle built more than 800 years ago. During the 17th and 18th centuries, the historic walls were given their appearance that is still visible today. Elaborate ceiling paintings, impressive murals and numerous supraports bear witness to its days of glory. The castle hall with its magnificent round furnace made of Meissen porcelain tiles is used today for concerts, readings and lectures. Contemporary regional art can be admired in the Castle Gallery.

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### Directions

**By car** via A 72 to exit Zwickau Ost, continue on S 283 to Wildenfels

**By public transportation** train to Zwickau, continue with bus line 141 to Wildenfels

**Musenhof Schloss Wildenfels**, Freundeskreis Schloss Wildenfels e.V.

Schlossstraße 2, 08134 Wildenfels

Telephone +49 (0) 376 03 585 69

[musenhof@schloss-wildenfels.de](mailto:musenhof@schloss-wildenfels.de)

[www.musenhof-schloss-wildenfels.de](http://www.musenhof-schloss-wildenfels.de)

# Dream Castle in the Clouds

Wolkenstein Castle towers above the rising clouds of mist in the Zschopau Valley. Having once been built as a castle in a strategic location on a trade route, the picturesque ensemble between the clouds is now a popular photographic backdrop. The castle combines several architectural styles, thus uniquely reflecting Saxon regional history. The Wettin

dynasty expanded the estate into a residence to indulge their passion for hunting in the forests rich in game and to relax near the Warmbad spring. Wolkenstein offers a surprising variety of impressions in a very small space, which becomes clear even during a walk around the old walls. In the Wolkenstein Castle Museum, guests discover the exhibition "Land of the Amethysts"



Ascend through the Wolfsschlucht gorge to Wolkenstein Castle

Wolkenstein Castle



"Land of Amethysts" exhibition



## Wolkenstein Castle Museum

Schlossplatz 1, 09429 Wolkenstein  
Telephone +49 (0) 373 69 871 23  
info@stadt-wolkenstein.de  
www.stadt-wolkenstein.de

## Directions

**By car** via B101, B171 or B174  
**Public transportation** train or bus lines 216, 217, 400, 439, 489 and 499 to Wolkenstein





The Dresden Zwinger: Landmark and tourist attraction

# The Splendor of Baroque and Rococo

"As the Chief State Architect of His Majesty Augustus the Strong, life was not always easy. Not because the 'Saxon Sun King' was too disinterested in me because of his constantly changing mistresses. No – he was always demanding new ideas and was difficult to please. He contributed his own sketches over and over again.

He was a particular admirer of Far Eastern art. The wealth and power of the rulers in Asia were legendary and were considered a model for many European princes. Porcelain from there was a special treasure – therefore the Elector and King was extremely pleased that his alchemist Boettger had succeeded in producing a similar 'white gold' for the first time in Europe. Yet my mission was to build. I brought my ideas of Asian architecture to life in Pillnitz Palace.

However, my Dresden Zwinger fills me with the greatest pride. Here I managed to combine the arts in the most intimate way: The well-proportioned, diversely structured building virtually merges with the rich sculptural decoration contributed by the workshop of the sculptor Balthasar Permoser. What was originally intended as an orangery and a setting for a festival grounds became a true feast for the eyes itself.

But of course I was not the only outstanding architect of my time. My contemporaries and successors Johann Christoph Knöffel, Zacharias Longuelune, and Jean de Bodt contributed to the proliferation of magnificent buildings of the High and Late Baroque in Saxony – an era that would later be referred to here as the 'Augustan Age'."

*Matthaeus Daniel Poepelmann (1662–1736)*



"BUILDING  
TYCOON"





In the Baroque Garden



Delitzsch Baroque Castle

# The most beautiful Ladies' Palace in Saxony

The ducal bedchamber



Baroque Hall on the Beletage

The pastel-colored Delitzsch Castle in the midst of a lake landscape has a magical appearance. Wilhelm I of Meissen had a medieval moated castle built in the 14th century, the tower of which is still preserved today. From 1540, the castle complex was remodeled into a Renaissance palace, serving as a traveler's residence for Saxon rulers. It also served as a widow's residence for duchesses in the mid-17th century. During this time, it was rebuilt in keeping with the French model into a Baroque palace with splendid interior decoration. To this day, visitors to the palace museum can marvel at the magnificent apartments such as the bedchamber or the dressing room. The Baroque Garden "à la française", which was designed at the insistence of the dowager duchess Christiane von Sachsen-Merseburg, is also an enticing place to dream. It was not only grandeur and splendor that could be found behind the castle walls: From 1860 to 1926, a prison for women was also located here. In the museum, visitors travel through the different centuries and discover the history of Delitzsch Baroque Castle.



## Directions

**By car** via A9 exit Wiedemar, then follow the signs; via A14 exit Leipzig-Mitte/Delitzsch  
**By public transportation** train to Delitzsch Unterer or Oberer Bahnhof, then an approx. 15-minute walk



The Grand Garden of Dresden

# The green Heart of Dresden



Palace in the Grand Garden



## The Grand Garden of Dresden

Kavaliershaus C, Hauptallee 10, 01219 Dresden  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 4 45 67 95  
grosser.garten@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.grosser-garten-dresden.de

## The Dresden Park Railway

Telephone +49 (0) 351 4 45 66 00  
parkeisenbahn@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.dresden-parkeisenbahn.de

## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Dresden-Hellerau or Dresden-Alstadt, follow signs in the direction of the city center /Zoo /Glaeserne Manufaktur  
**By public transportation** take the streetcar to the stops Comeniusplatz, Zoo or Grosser Garten

**S**ituated in the heart of the Saxon state capital is a magnificent garden monument. Spanning 147 hectares, the Grand Garden is Dresden's most impressive park. In 1678, Elector John George III began building the garden in keeping with the French style. At the intersection of the two straight main avenues lies a jewel of early Baroque architecture: the palace, which is still used today as a festival and exhibition building in the green. The park around the palace is designed as a baroque part of the garden. The remaining area is laid out as an English landscape park with romantically winding paths, small woods, extensive meadows, bodies of water and themed gardens. Restaurants and cafés, open-air theaters, the Dresden Zoo and the Botanical Garden turn the park into a cultural oasis in the midst of the city. The Dresden Park Railway takes guests, young and old, on a complete tour of the vast adventure landscape. The Lilliput Railway with 381 millimeter tracks is traditionally operated with the support of Dresden's children and young people.



Tender loving care for the perennials in the themed gardens



Steam locomotive "Lisa" from 1925



The Grand Garden  
of Dresden





The Dresden Zwinger

## The Dresden Zwinger

# A Paradise on Earth

More than 300 years later, there is no other building that reminds us more of the glamorous times and splendor of the Baroque era. To this day, the Dresden Zwinger still characterizes the cityscape of the royal seat. At the request of Augustus the Strong, a magnificent open space was created between the inner and outer fortification walls. Instead of a simple orangery, master builder Matthaeus Daniel Poepelmann and sculptor Balthasar Permoser created a courtly synthesis of the arts. However, the planned palace extension was never realized.



Crown Gate

Media station in the Zwinger Xperience



In its stead came the Picture Gallery and the Semper Opera House. Porcelain Collection, Old Masters Picture Gallery, Royal Cabinet of Mathematical and Physical Instruments: Today, visitors can explore the museums of the Dresden State Art Collections in the Zwinger.

Another museum attraction at the Dresden Zwinger is the multimedia Zwinger Xperience. Fascinating panoramic projections, a thrilling virtual reality station and the latest technologies present five worlds showing how the Dresden Zwinger has changed over the course of time – shaped by the passion for collecting of Augustus the Strong and his visions for this magnificent baroque building.



### The Dresden Zwinger

Theaterplatz 1  
01067 Dresden  
zwinger@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.der-dresden-zwinger.de

Museums of the Dresden State Art Collections  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 49 14 2000  
besucherservice@skd.museum  
www.skd.museum

Exhibition of State Palaces, Castles and Gardens of Saxony, non-profit  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 56 391 30 00  
zwinger-Xperience@schloesserland-sachsen.de  
www.zwinger-Xperience.com

### Directions

**By car** via A 4 exit Dresden Altstadt, follow the signs in the direction of the city center.  
**By public transportation** take the streetcar to the stop Postplatz



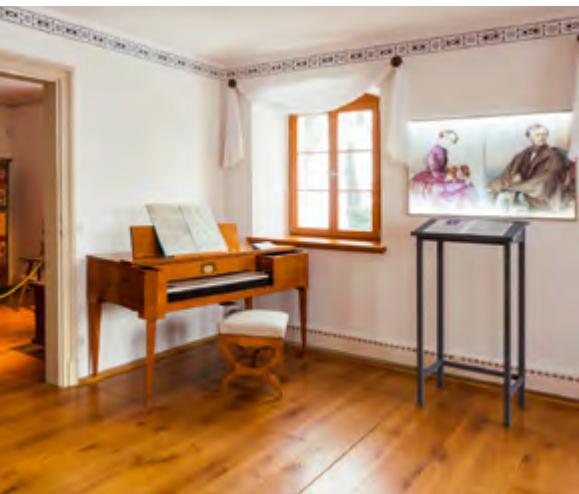
# Where Wagner's “Lohengrin” was created

In a genuine burst of creative fervor, Richard Wagner created the musical sketch for his romantic opera “Lohengrin” in Graupa. The career of the famous composer began in 1843, when he was appointed Royal Saxon Conductor at the Dresden Court Opera. Three years later, a summer



Hunting Lodge Graupa

Wagner's living quarters in Lohengrinhaus



Experience Richard Wagner with all your senses



vacation took him to nearby Graupa. He rented a room on a farm and was inspired by the idyllic natural landscape between Pillnitz and Saxon Switzerland. With its reconstructed living and working rooms as well as the exhibition on the opera “Lohengrin”, guests in the “Lohengrinhaus” are given insights into the composer’s life.

The hunting lodge Graupa is within walking distance. Here, Wagner’s life and work are shown in a modern multimedia exhibition. Listening to the sounds of his music, many a visitor starts to dream and feels transported to another time – including even of having a sense of being a conductor.

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our app



## Directions

**By car** via A 17 exit Pirna, towards Pirna to exit Pirna-Graupa

**By public transportation** S-Bahn S1 or S2 to Pirna, continue from bus station with bus line G/L to Graupa, Tschaikowskiplatz; bus line 83 to Graupa, Tschaikowskiplatz

## Richard-Wagner-Staetten Graupa, Lohengrinhaus

Richard-Wagner-Strasse 6, 01796 Pirna

### Hunting Lodge

Tschaikowskiplatz 7, 01796 Pirna, Telephone +49 (0) 35 01 461 96 50

wagnerstaetten@pirna.de, www.wagnerstaetten.de



# Versailles of Saxony

The Grosssedlitz Baroque Garden is one of the most beautiful examples of German Baroque garden artistry. Augustus the Strong commissioned the remodelling of the estate in 1723, based on his ideal of Versailles. Here he planned an extraordinary, festive venue for the Saxon court, with orangeries, picturesque parterres and idyllic garden spaces. Ultimately, only a third of the originally planned complex was built. These 18 hectares have remained almost fully preserved to this very day – a tribute to the splendour of bygone eras.

Saxon Citrus Days in the Grosssedlitz Baroque Garden



## Grosssedlitz Baroque Garden

Parkstrasse 85, 01809 Heidenau

Telephone +49 (0) 352 95 63 90

grosssedlitz@schloesserland-sachsen.de

[www.barockgarten-grosssedlitz.de](http://www.barockgarten-grosssedlitz.de)

## Directions

**By car** via A17 exit Pirna or via B172 to Heidenau or Pirna

**By public transportation** S-Bahn S1 or S2 to Heidenau-Grosssedlitz, then approx. 20 minutes via the signposted walking trail



The Lower Orangery

More than 60 baroque sandstone sculptures – some of which are still original – broad stairways, numerous fountains, meticulously maintained lawns and intimate boskets give the park its unique charm. Shady paths invite you on a leisurely stroll, revealing surprising vistas at every turn. During the summer season, the magnificent garden is adorned with approximately 400 potted plants, among them more than 200 rare bitter orange trees and lush flowerbeds, all underscored by a wonderful scent.



Grosssedlitz  
Baroque Garden





The evening mood at the castle pond with view of Moritzburg Castle





Banquet Hall Moritzburg Castle



# A Fairy-Tale Castle and its Treasures



Use the "HistoPad" tablet guide to take you through the exhibition



Moritzburg Castle, probably the most beautiful moated castle in Saxony, is named after Duke Moritz. He had a hunting lodge built near Dresden in 1542. Starting in 1723, Elector Augustus the Strong, under the direction of Matthaeus Daniel Poepelmann, rebuilt it into a magnificent palace for lavish festivities. A four-towered baroque jewel was erected in the midst of an elaborate pond and

park landscape. The treasures of Moritzburg Castle are just as captivating: It is home to one of the most important hunting trophy collections in Europe, ornate gold leather tapestries and the "Feather Room". The room, decorated with over a million colored bird feathers, has been awarded the "European Prize for the Preservation of Cultural Heritage". Moritzburg is genuinely a fairy tale come to life – which is one of the

Moritzburg Castle with pond houses and park



## Directions

**By car** via A 4 exit Dresden-Wilder Mann or via A 13 exit Radeburg

**By public transportation** train to Dresden-Neustadt, continue by bus line 477 to Moritzburg; historic narrow-gauge railroad to Moritzburg; bus line M to Moritzburg (April to October)



Try out shoes like in Three Wishes for Cinderella

reasons why the castle served as an enchanting backdrop for the legendary fairy tale film "Three wishes for Cinderella". Every winter, fans follow in the footsteps of the cheeky princess here. The enchanting Little Pheasant Castle is also worth stopping by.



Little Pheasant Castle with historical royal kitchen building



Lighthouse at the big pond

## Moritzburg Little Pheasant Castle

# Paradise in a Nutshell

Only very few people at a time are allowed to visit here because Moritzburg Little Pheasant Castle is simply too small for crowds of people. As such, visiting the castle remains – as it was in the past – an exclusive pleasure. The only castle in Saxony to have been preserved in the late rococo style was built around 1770 to the east of Moritzburg Castle. Extensively restored,

it now shines again in all its filigree splendor. In the chinoiserie style, the Little Pheasant Castle houses a full court household on minimal grounds. Faithfully restored furniture, wall coverings and bird taxidermy complete the fascinating impression. Strolling through the grounds, guests can be transported back to the courtly world of the 18th century. The pier and

the brick-look lighthouse in particular bear witness to the playful, decadent spirit of the time. Here, the nobility dreamed up glorious naval battles, which were recreated with a great deal of imagination. But at least the Little Pheasant Castle offered a room with a “sea view” – and it does so again today.

## Moritzburg Castle and Moritzburg Little Pheasant Castle

01468 Moritzburg

Telephone +49 (0) 3 52 07 87 36 18

fasanenschloesschen@schloesserland-sachsen.de

[www.schloss-moritzburg.de](http://www.schloss-moritzburg.de)

### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Dresden-Wilder Mann or via A13 exit Radeburg

**By public transportation** train to Dresden-Neustadt, continue by bus line 477 to Moritzburg; historic narrow-gauge railroad to Moritzburg; bus line M to Moritzburg (April to October)



Moritzburg Little Pheasant Castle





By steamer from the old town of Dresden directly to Pillnitz



The Palm House

## Pillnitz Palace and Park

# Nonchalance and floral Magic

Augustus the Strong once gave Pillnitz Palace to his mistress, Countess von Cosel. After she fell from grace and was banished to Stolpen Castle, the elector had the Hillside and Riverside Palaces built according to Poeppelmann's plans. The palace and park complex combines the architecture of the Baroque with that of the Far East and is considered an exemplary masterpiece of chinoiserie. In summer, the court resided in the game and pleasure palace. Even today, one can enjoy the impressive sight when approaching the palace from the Elbe River.

English, Dutch and Chinese gardens invite you to stroll. Exotic plants lend the Palm House a touch of wanderlust. A mobile conservatory was even built for the 250-year-old camellia to protect it during the winter months.

The Palace Museum in the New Palace is open from spring to fall. The Royal Kitchen is particularly impressive, as well as the classicist domed hall and the Catholic Chapel. From June to September, the interactive exhibition "King's Games" in the orangery invites visitors to take a ride on the ring race carousel.

Historic fun and games on the jousting carousel in the Orangery



### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Dresden-Hellerau or Dresden-Altstadt, direction of Pillnitz; via A17 exit Pirna, towards Radeberg  
**By public transportation** Elbe steamboats to Pillnitz landing stage; bus lines 63 or P to Pillnitzer Platz or Leonardo-da-Vinci-Strasse; bus line 88 or streetcar line 2 to the final stop, then by ferry over the Elbe River



Fantastic view of the Riverside Palace on the Elbe River



Exhibition "Cowshed and Silver Plates"



Weddings in Rammennau Castle

## Rammennau Baroque Castle



# As Guest in an idyllic Country Castle

Saxony's only fully preserved knight's manor is in a picturesque setting nestled amongst ponds and gently rolling hills in the foothills of the Lusatian Mountains. Rammennau Castle is a masterpiece of Saxon country baroque. The building interior shines with early classicist wallpaper and murals.

The famous botanist, Johann Centurius Graf von Hoffmannsegg, designed the idyllic country park. The new permanent exhibition "Cowshed and Silver Plates" invites visitors to get to know the castle and its former inhabitants. In the castle café, you can sit back and relax with coffee and cake on the terrace and enjoy the beautiful view of the park. The castle grounds offer the perfect setting for civil and festive weddings, birthday and family celebrations or cooking events in the cozy servants' kitchen.



Relax in the castle and park

Discover with  
our app



### Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Burkau; via B 6 to Bischofswerda, direction Kamenz

**By public transportation** train to Bischofswerda, continue by bus line 305 to Rammennau

### Rammennau Baroque Castle

Am Schloss 4, 01877 Rammennau

Telephone +49 (0) 35 94 70 35 59

rammenau@schlosserland-sachsen.de

[www.barockschloss-rammenau.com](http://www.barockschloss-rammenau.com)



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Sparkling wine tradition since 1836

## Wackerbarth Castle

# A fizzy Pleasure



Wackerbarth Castle, a fairy-tale ensemble of baroque palace and garden grounds and the “Belvedere” pleasure palace, is located in the midst of Saxony’s Elbe Valley and its vineyards. During the heyday of the Dresden Baroque in the 18th century, Count August Christoph von Wackerbarth had the palace complex built as his retirement residence. As he was one of the closest confidants of Augustus the Strong, the Saxon court celebrated many lavish feasts here. Since then, it has been showcasing

the 850-year tradition of Saxony’s art of winemaking. It is not without reason that Wackerbarth Castle is Europe’s first adventure winery and has been named one of the “Unique Wineries of the World” by the wine culture magazine VINUM: in the modern production facility, guests can experience the production of excellent wines and sparkling wines every day. In Germany’s second-oldest sparkling wine cellar, which is already 190 years old, grapes have been classically bottle-maturing until such time as they are ready to be enjoyed. A variety of events are hosted here, inviting visitors to spend some time and simply enjoy the experience. The “Wine Summer” or “Wine & Light” event in winter attract visitors with culinary delicacies and fine wines served in a baroque setting.

## Wackerbarth Castle

Wackerbarthstrasse 1, 01445 Radebeul  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 8 9550  
kontakt@schloss-wackerbarth.de  
www.schloss-wackerbarth.de

## Directions

**By car** via A4 exit Dresden-Neustadt in the direction of Radebeul  
**By public transportation** S-Bahn 1 towards Meissen to Radebeul-Koetschenbroda, streetcar 4 toward Weinboehla to Radebeul-Ost or directly to Wackerbarth Castle



Wackerbarth  
Castle





## Wolkenburg Castle

# The Count's lovely Cabinets

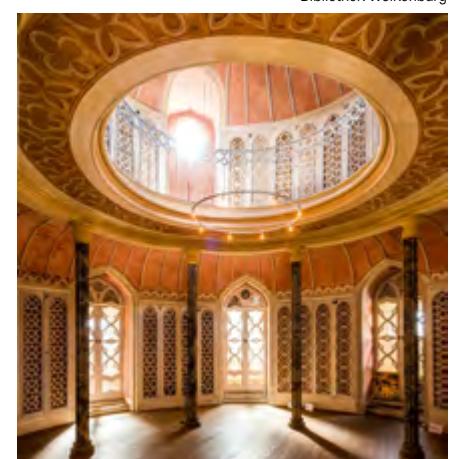


Wolkenburg Castle is perched high above the Mulde Valley on a steeply sloping cliff. The medieval castle complex was remodeled starting in 1635 by the von Einsiedel family into a Renaissance castle and later a baroque castle and remained in their possession for over 300 years. Today, the banquet hall, library and rooms of the bel étage look as they did in the late 18th century. At that time, Detlev Carl, Count of Einsiedel, had the main building decorated by renowned artists of Saxon Classicism.

The castle's two-story library in the attic is reminiscent of Venetian palazzi. Some of the count's living quarters today reveal further insights into the life of the noble family. As the owner of the art foundry in Lauchhammer, the count had a process developed for the production of large cast-iron sculptures, some of which can still be admired in the castle park today. The romantic ambiance regularly serves as a backdrop for open-air events.



The monumental staircase of Wolkenburg Castle



Bibliothek Wolkenburg



### Directions

**By car** via A4 to exit Limbach-Oberfrohna, then via S244 to Limbach-Oberfrohna and S249 to Wolkenburg; via A72 to exit Penig, then via B 175 to Wolkenburg  
**By public transportation** train to Glauchau or Narsdorf, continue by bus line 629 to Wolkenburg

### Wolkenburg Castle

Schloss 3, 09212 Limbach-Oberfrohna  
Telephone +49 (0) 376 09 5 8170  
museen@limbach-oberfrohna.de  
www.schloss-wolkenburg.de



Zabeltitz Baroque Garden with palace and ponds

## Zabeltitz Baroque Garden

# An Invitation to take a Stroll



Magnificent avenues lined with linden and chestnut trees, hedge groves, pleasure groves and rondels: Ever new vistas invite you to take a leisurely stroll in the Zabeltitz Baroque Garden. Artful sandstone figures highlight the garden. Large bodies of water impressively reflect the splendor of the park. In strict symmetry, court architect Johann Christoph Knoeffel designed the Baroque Garden in 1728 by order of Imperial Count August Christoph von Wackerbarth. Where once a moated castle had stood, he erected an ornate palace. Together with the nearby



Embark on a discovery tour through the baroque garden

“Altes Schloss” (Old Palace) it fashions a charming architectural ensemble. The elongated Renaissance building was used as hunting quarters for Elector Christian I as early as the end of the 16th century.

Public guided tours, conducted every Sunday during the summer months, breathe life into history. A brief stroll from the Baroque garden brings you to the 400-year-old St. George’s Church, which is considered one of the most beautiful village churches in Saxony. In the heart of the village, the Farmers’ Museum invites you to find out more about the arduous life of farmers at the beginning of the 20th century.

Today, the “Altes Schloss” and the palace provide unforgettable settings for civil marriages. The permanent historical exhibition on the ground floor of the palace invites visitors to find out more about the eventful history of the complex. The café and the rooms in the palace, available for an array of uses, as well as the magnificent castle hall in the “Altes Schloss”, provide an impressive backdrop for a wide range of events.

## Zabeltitz-Information

Am Park 1, 01561 Grossenhain OT Zabeltitz  
Telephone +49 (0) 35 22 30 42 77  
zabeltitz@stadt.grossenhain.de  
www.barockgarten-zabeltitz.de

## Directions

**By car** via A13 exit Thiendorf, continue on the B98 to Grossenhain and via the B101 to the turnoff to Zabeltitz  
**By public transportation** train to Zabeltitz, then an approx. 15-minute walk



Zabeltitz Baroque  
Garden





Burgk Castle

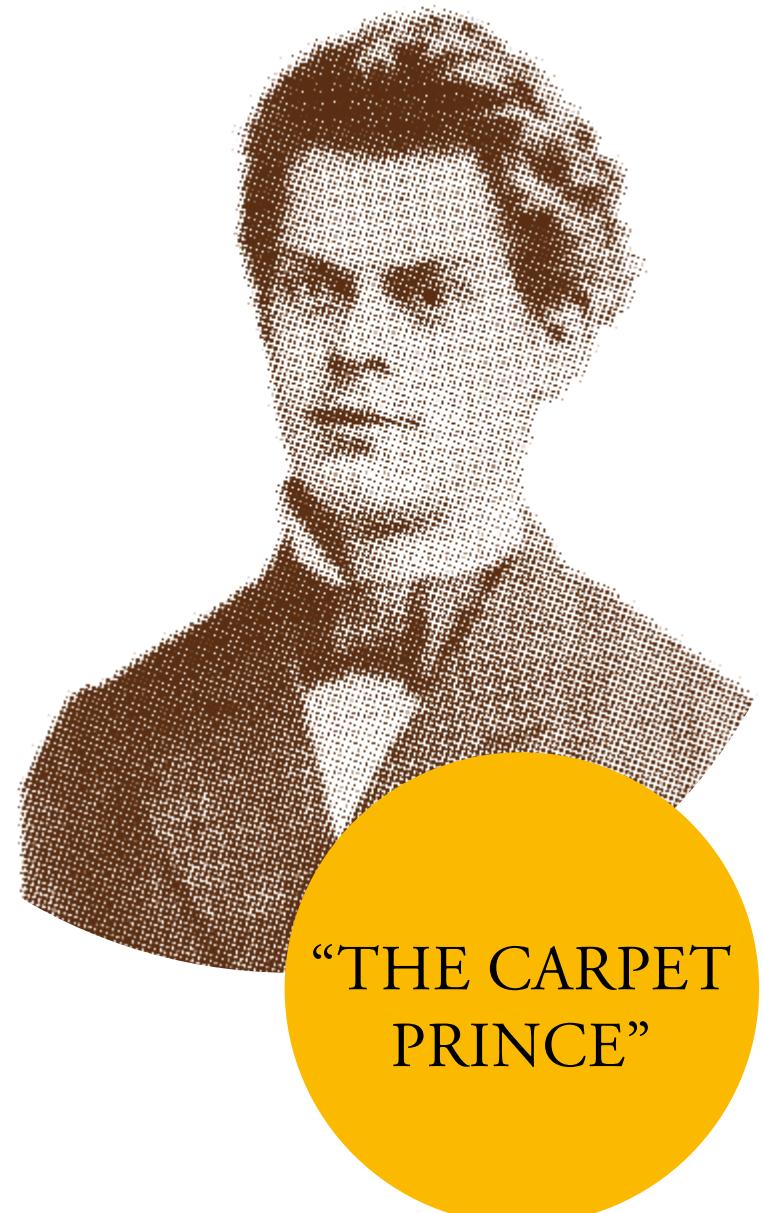
# Between Romanticism and Industrialization

“My name is well known to lovers of Saxon textile tradition. Together with my brother-in-law Fritz te Kock, I founded one of the most renowned carpet factories in Oelsnitz in the Vogtland region: Koch & te Kock – today known as Halbmond Teppichwerke. This laid the foundation for the development of the entire carpet industry in the region, which still benefits from this today. The company is now one of the largest employers in the Vogtland region.

By the way, my innate passion for textiles and talent for weaving comes from my father, a master weaver with a long family tradition. As a young man, I acquired my commercial expertise in a number of textile shops and offices and eventually became an office assistant at the Leopold Schoeller carpet factory in Dueren. I soon became the director of the technical department and traveled extensively in the US and England. It was on one of these trips that I discovered the Axminster technique and brought it back to Germany. The idea was to create carpets that looked like real oriental carpets: ›magic‹ carpets from Oelsnitz for the whole world. This was the vision that led me to found my own company not far from Voigtsberg Castle, eventually becoming the most successful carpet manufacturer in Europe.

‘What porcelain is to Meissen, carpets are to Oelsnitz,’ said Juergen Fortak, the town chronicler. So it comes as no surprise that carpet production continues to shape Oelsnitz to this day.”

*Carl Wilhelm Koch (1855–1925)*





Voigtsberg Castle

# Splendor, Fabrics and Stories



Invites you to enjoy unforgettable views and insights:  
Voigtsberg Castle

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## Directions

**By car** A72 exit Plauen-Sued, continue via B92 direction Oelsnitz

**By public transportation** train to Oelsnitz, continue by bus line 91 to Voigtsberg Castle



Surprising discoveries in the carpet museum



Sparkling treasures in the historic vault

Voigtsberg Castle  
08606 Oelsnitz/Vogtland  
Telephone +49 (0) 374 21 72 94 84  
museen@schloss-voigtsberg.de  
www.schloss-voigtsberg.de



Royal Grounds Bad Elster

# Touched by the Muse

In 1795, Johann Wolfgang von Goethe discovered the idyllically situated town as an inspiration for his work "Hermann and Dorothea". The Saxon sovereigns finally appointed Bad Elster a Royal Saxon State Spa in the 19th century because of its healing springs.

Wall dome in the historic Albert Bath



## Tourist Information Bad Elster

Badstrasse 25, 08645 Bad Elster  
Telephone +49 (0) 37437 53900  
[touristinfo@badelster.de](mailto:touristinfo@badelster.de)  
[www.badelster.de](http://www.badelster.de)

## Directions

**By car** A72 to exit Plauen Sued, then B92 to Adorf, S306 to Bad Elster  
**By public transportation** train to Bad Elster station, continue by bus line 94 to the town center

The town developed into a sophisticated spa for Europe's high society. Spacious parks and magnificent buildings still beckon visitors to relax and stroll to this day. With their rare woody plants, colorful flower borders and lush green lawns, the English landscape gardens are genuine places of well-being. Theme gardens, sculptures, water features, Louisa Lake, and the uniquely illuminated world of lights round off the adventure landscape.

The Royal Spa House, the Kunst-Wandelhalle, the King Albert Theater, three music pavilions and Saxony's first open-air stage, the Natur-Theater Bad Elster, create a "festival mile of short distances" around the saltwater spa and the Albert Bad. Every year, around 1,000 events performed by the Chursaechsische Philharmonie Bad Elster and other top-class artists of all persuasions take place here.



The Royal Spa House Bad Elster



Stroll through the historic parks



Discover with  
our app



# Between Art and Coal

Surrounded by an idyllic park, it is known as the treasure chest of the town of Freital: Burgk Castle now houses municipal collections with high-profile paintings and unique works

Burgk Castle



of art. The 500-year history of coal mining in the Doehlen Basin becomes tangible in Saxony's sole visitor mine with visible coal outcrop and in the Mining excavation site with the first electric mine locomotive "Dorothea". Special exhibitions, a mining playground, the castle park with its ancient trees and the monument of the local legend of Rotkopf George turn your visit into an experience for the entire family.

Burgk Castle also offers a place for special occasions: Civil wedding ceremonies, family celebrations, company anniversaries, concerts and much more can be held in the glamorous settings of the banquet hall in the main building and the two event halls in the west wing of the castle ensemble. All rooms are interconnectable through a lounge and bar area.



Classical banquet hall



## Directions

**By car** via A17 exit Dresden-Gorbitz, towards Freital

**By public transportation** train or S-Bahn S3 to Freital-Potschappel, then an approx. 20-minute walk; bus line 66/166 to Am Dathepark



Frohburg Castle

# Ceramics, Art and Childhood Dreams

Picture hall with coffered rosette ceiling



**Frohburg Castle Museum**  
Florian-Geyer-Strasse 1, 04654 Frohburg  
Telephone +49 (0) 3 43 48 5 15 63  
schlossmuseumfrohburg@gmail.com  
www.museum-schloss-frohburg.de

## Directions

**By car** via A72 exit Frohburg, continue on B7  
**By public transportation** train to Geithain, continue by S-Bahn S6 to Frohburg



Frohburg Castle

Back in 1910, when Kurt Feuerriegel established the “Workshop of Saxon Art Pottery” in Frohburg, the pottery craft, which had been rooted in Central Saxony for centuries, was given new impetus. Frohburg became the center of sophisticated ceramics production. Faïences, terracotta sculptures, building ceramics – the precious collection of Feuerriegel’s ceramics in Frohburg Castle Museum will captivate visitors to the castle. Children are certain to be delighted in the second exhibition area: Dolls and dollhouses, lovingly fitted mini-kitchens, merchants’ stores and other attractions from the childhood days of grandparents and great-grandparents awaken even grown-ups’ enthusiasm for play.

Frohburg Castle itself also enchants its guests: The four-wing complex was built around 1200 as a Romanesque castle. Over the centuries, the present castle building as it is today came into being. Inside, two halls with allegorical decorations, the Stone Hall with a monumental landscape fresco and the Picture Hall recall the heyday of the castle at the beginning of the 19th century.





Rammenau Baroque Castle, Bridal Suite

# Lodging in Splendor

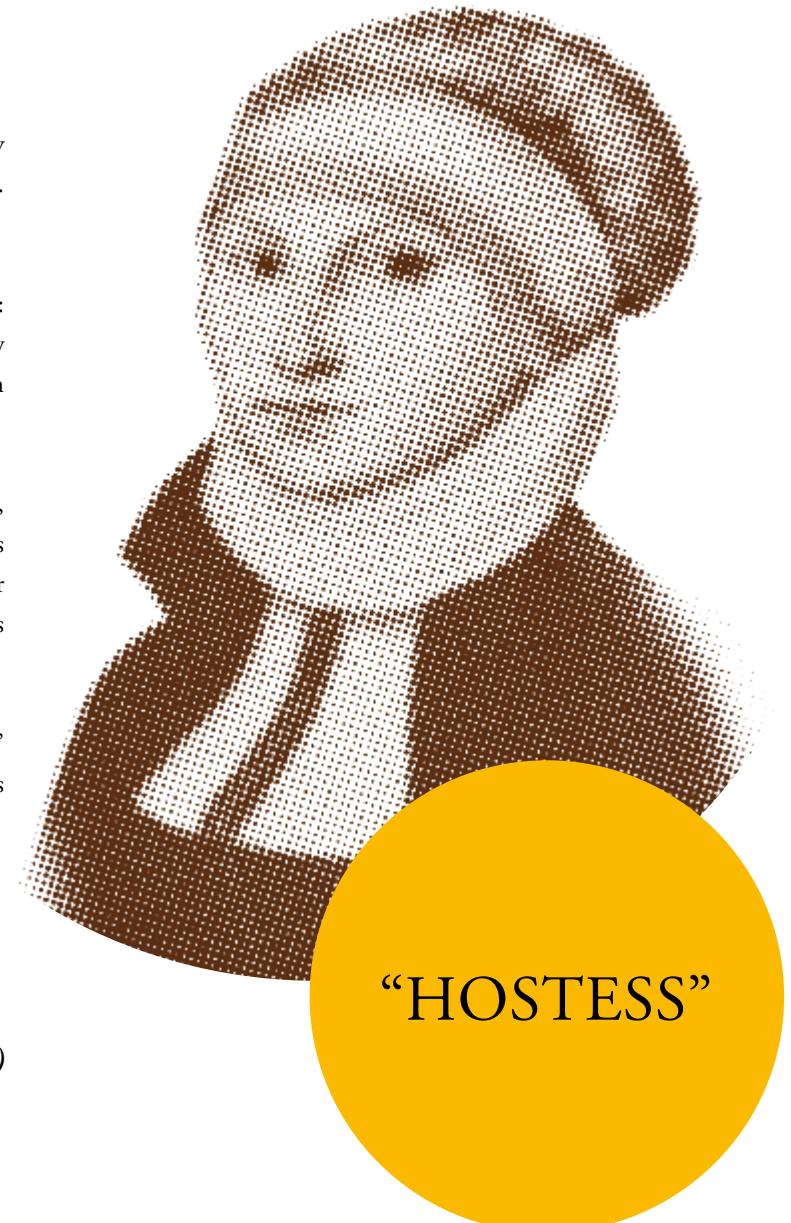
“My husband loved good food in convivial company. We always received guests in the house; many scholars and students, even high lords, wanted to debate with the famous reformer Martin Luther. I tended to their needs and was proud when they felt at home with us.

I had already learned many things in the Nimbschen monastery, which now came in handy: Farming and cooking, washing and sewing, gardening, brewing and animal husbandry; I also knew my way around the art of healing. Martin appreciated this very much and gave me a free hand in the household – he often teasingly and respectfully referred to me his ‘dear Mr. Kaethe’.

The fact the hospitality is still appreciated even 500 years later as one of the greatest Saxon virtues, is something I would not have expected otherwise. Places where exclusive hospitality has always been offered can often be experienced today as well: Some of the most beautiful castles and manor houses, which are once again in private ownership, invite guests to relax and enjoy themselves as they now often function as hotels and restaurants.

Thus, castle guests can also feel what it is like to be a ‘lord of the castle’ or a ‘damsel of the castle’ for awhile. In the historic setting of Saxon noble residences, they experience the flair of a glorious past and can enjoy being pampered like royalty!”

*Katharina Luther, née von Bora (1499–1552)*





Althoernitz Castle Hotel

# A Jewel in the Zittau Mountains



Althoernitz Castle Hotel is nestled gracefully in a vast park landscape at the eastern-most point of Saxony, where Germany borders on Poland and the Czech Republic. As guests walk through the castle entrance, they're welcomed by two impressive Renaissance towers that soar proudly into the skies. The castle walls are steeped in history. You can explore the intriguing designs of 75 hotel rooms. Culinary diversity is offered by the Schlosspark Restaurant, with its fine dining experience, and Bellinis, with its tasty Italian cuisine. The new spa and wellness area,

which complements the castle with a modern world of well-being, promises deep relaxation.

The master architect Valentin from Zittau built Althoernitz Castle over 350 years ago for Christian von Hartig. The castle features an arched room where the son of the lord of the castle conducted rudimentary alchemy experiments with Ehrenfried Walther von Tschirnhaus and Johann Friedrich Boettger – and made a significant contribution to the invention of European porcelain.

Althoernitz Castle is now a haven of tranquility with an unforgettable atmosphere. The diverse landscape of the Oberlausitzer Heide- und Teichlandschaft UNESCO Biosphere Reserve is just waiting to be explored – and the Zittau Mountains are perfect for hiking, cycling and cross-country skiing. You can round off your stay with exciting day trips to Dresden, Bautzen, Goerlitz, Prague and Wroclaw.

Schlosspark Restaurant



A suite in Althoernitz Castle Hotel



Schlosshotel Althoernitz Betriebsgesellschaft GmbH

Zittauer Strasse 9, 02763 Bertsdorf-Hoernitz

Telephone +49 (0) 35 83 55 00

info@schlosshotel-althoernitz.com

www.schlosshotel-althoernitz.com

Directions

By car via A4 exit Weissenberg, continue via B 178 to Oderwitz and via B 96 to Bertsdorf-Hoernitz

By public transportation train to Zittau, continue with bus line 14 to Hoernitz Schweizerhof, Bertsdorf-Hoernitz



Althoernitz  
Castle Hotel





# Feeling good instead of planning your Escape

Those who spend the night at Colditz Castle have the opportunity to sleep in a place rich in history. The impressive complex situated on the Zwickauer Mulde River served as a closely guarded internment camp for high-ranking Western Allies, including Winston Churchill's nephew, during World War II. The spectacular escape attempts of the prisoners have

been chronicled in several books and films – and turned Colditz Castle into a world-famous attraction.

Today the complex also accommodates the European Youth Hostel at Colditz Castle with its special international flair. Up to 171 guests can stay in the 34 bright, friendly and modern

rooms. There are also many conference and common rooms available. Musicians will find the best rehearsal and working conditions in the adjacent Landesmusikakademie Sachsen. No one will get bored here thanks to a wide range of sightseeing tours, readings, bicycle tours, hikes or rubber dinghy tours.

Entrance to the youth hostel



## Directions

**By car** via A14 exit Grimma, further via B107 direction Colditz; via A4 exit Glauchau, via Rochlitz to Colditz  
**By public transportation** train to Grimma, continue by bus line 619 to Colditz; train to Bad Lausick, continue by bus line 613 to Colditz



## Youth Hostel Colditz Castle

Schlossgasse 1, 04680 Colditz  
Telephone +49 (0) 34 38 14 50 10  
colditz@jugendherberge.de  
www.schloss-colditz.de



# More dreamy Places to stay



When the last day visitors have left and peace returns to the ancient walls, Saxony's palaces and monasteries unfold their unique magic. Those who stay here are sure to experience history up close – at breakfast under stucco ceilings, in the monastery courtyard during the quiet evenings, or with a view of reflecting ponds and parks.

## 1 Altzella Monastery

Tranquility is at home in the "Fröhnerhaus", the simple monastery hostel. It is ideal for groups, families, or travelers who appreciate time for contemplation and simplicity – a place that invites you to search your soul.

## 2 Pillnitz Palace and Park

Three lovingly restored vacation homes bordering the castle grounds invite you to escape to a private getaway. Enjoying varying views of the Elbe, garden art, and baroque elegance, you are surrounded by greenery – yet remain in royal company.

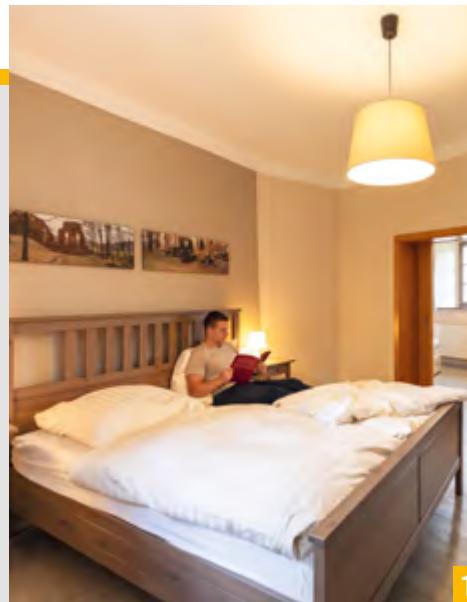
## 3 Moritzburg Castle

The historic pond houses are idyllically located around the famous hunting lodge and pleasure palace. Guests who spend the night here can enjoy peace and comfort right by the water – with views of the majestic palace and the extensive park.

## 4 Rammensau Baroque Castle

The exclusive castle suite, with a four-poster bed, freestanding bathtub, and stylish ambience immerses guests in a special atmosphere. It is a popular choice for couples and is often given as a gift for special occasions – as an extraordinary experience with historical flair.

Detailed information on accommodation offers and booking options can be found on the respective residences' websites.



1



3



2





Zabeltitz Baroque Garden

# Many Roads lead to Saxony

## By car

### Freeways in Saxony

- A4: Aachen – Cologne, with an interruption further from Bad Hersfeld via Erfurt – Weimar – Chemnitz – Dresden – Goerlitz
- A13: Berlin – Dresden
- A14: Magdeburg – Halle – Leipzig and from Nossen via A4 further to Dresden
- A38: Goettingen – Leipzig
- A72: Hof – Chemnitz

### Travel times to and from Saxony

- Dresden – Leipzig: 1 hour 15 minutes
- Dresden – Berlin: 2 hours
- Dresden – Prague: 2 hours
- Dresden – Munich: 4 hour 30 minutes
- Dresden – Hamburg: 4 hour 50 minutes
- Dresden – Frankfurt (M): 4 hour 30 minutes
- Dresden – Cologne: 5 hour 30 minutes
- Dresden – Vienna: 5 hours
- Dresden – Zurich: 7 hour 15 minutes
- Dresden – Warsaw: 8 hours

## By airplane

Dresden and Leipzig / Halle airports have excellent connections to the largest domestic German airports in Berlin, Frankfurt, Munich and Dusseldorf.

There are also regular connections to other domestic German airports. In any case, flight times are no longer than one hour. There are also direct flights to Vienna and Zurich.

## By train

There is an ICE connection between Dresden and Leipzig. An IC or ICE connection to Dresden or Leipzig is available from many major cities in Germany. EC trains connect Dresden with Vienna and there is a CNL (CityNightLine) connection between Dresden and Zurich. [www.bahn.de](http://www.bahn.de)

## By public transportation

Saxony boasts a well-developed network of public transport routes and lines. All transport associations offer day tickets for individuals or groups.

### Verkehrsverbund Oberelbe (VVO)

[www.vvo-online.de](http://www.vvo-online.de):  
Dresden – Meissen –  
Saxon Switzerland-Eastern Ore Mountains

### Mitteldeutscher Verkehrsverbund (MDV)

[www.mdv.de](http://www.mdv.de): Leipzig – Halle

### Verkehrsverbund Mittelsachsen (VMS)

[www.vms.de](http://www.vms.de): Chemnitz – Central Ore Mountains

### Zweckverband Verkehrsverbund

Oberlausitz-Niederschlesien (ZVON)  
[www.zvon.de](http://www.zvon.de): Bautzen – Goerlitz

### Verkehrsverbund Vogtland (VW)

[www.vogtlandauskunft.de](http://www.vogtlandauskunft.de):  
Plauen – Vogtland

## Travel times by public transport in Saxony

- Dresden – Leipzig: 1 hour 15 minutes
- Dresden – Chemnitz: 1 hour
- Dresden – Goerlitz: 1 hour 15 minutes
- Dresden – Meissen: 45 minutes
- Dresden – Saxon Switzerland: 30 – 45 minutes

For more information and the latest news on our events, as well as prices and opening times, please visit:

[www.schloesserland-sachsen.de](http://www.schloesserland-sachsen.de)  SchloesserlandSachsen  SchloesserlandSachsen  Schloesserland



Mylau Castle

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Stauffenbergallee 2a, 01099 Dresden  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 563 91-1001  
service@schlosserland-sachsen.de  
www.schlosserland-sachsen.de  
 SchlosserlandSachsen  
 SchlosserlandSachsen  
 Schlosserland  
 App "Schlosserland erleben"

### SAXONY. STATE OF THE ARTS.

TMGS Tourismus Marketing Gesellschaft Sachsen mbH  
Bautzner Strasse 45–47, 01099 Dresden  
Telephone +49 (0) 351 49 17 00  
info@sachsen-tour.de  
www.sachsen-tourismus.de

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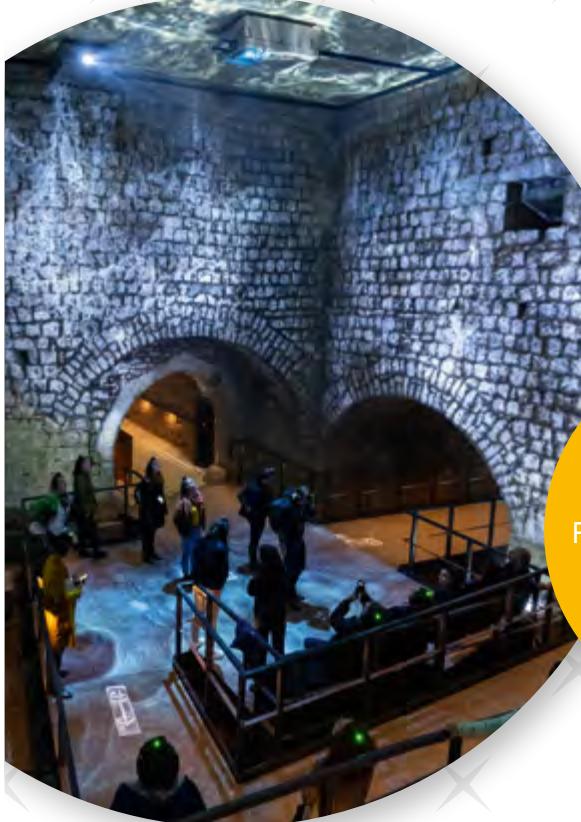
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